

# High-Resolution Precipitation

## Product:

Combining C-Band and Local X-Band  
Radar Data – A Concept for Hamburg

**Rain Gain:**

**International Local Government Conference on Surface Water Flooding**

**London, GB**

**October 8th, 2014**

**Katharina Lengfeld**

**University of Hamburg**

## Outline

### ➤ **Motivation:**

- Why do we need precipitation estimates from X-band radar for rainfall-runoff simulation?

### ➤ **Single X-band radars:**

- X-band radars as magnifying glass in urban areas

### ➤ **X-band radar network:**

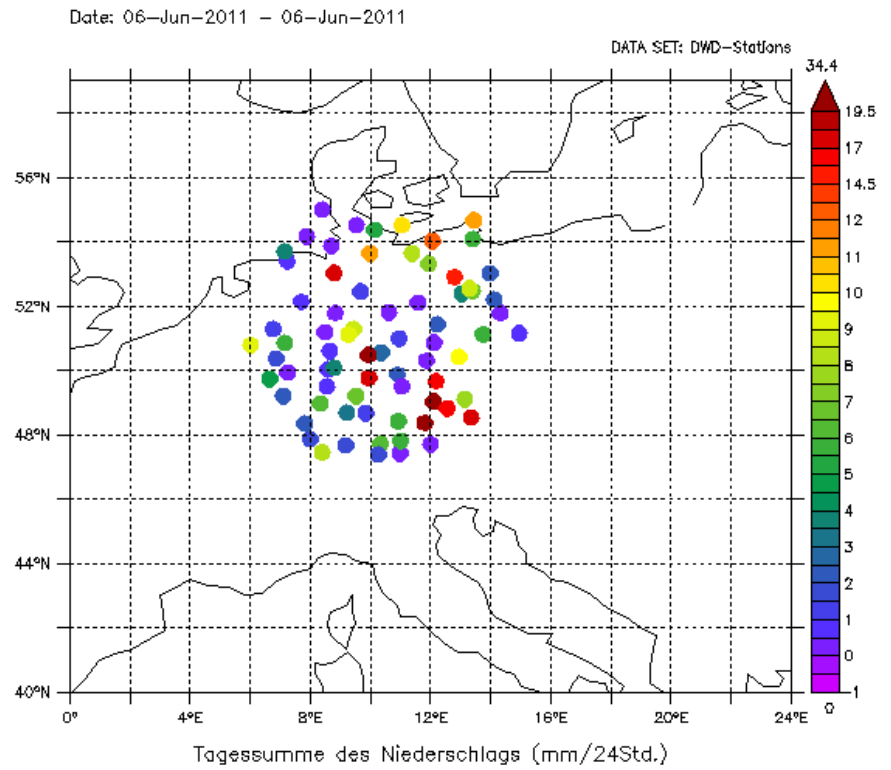
- What benefits do we get from multiple coverage?
- Can micro rain radars improve precipitation estimates from X-band radars?

### ➤ **Combination** of X-band, C-band and micro rain radars

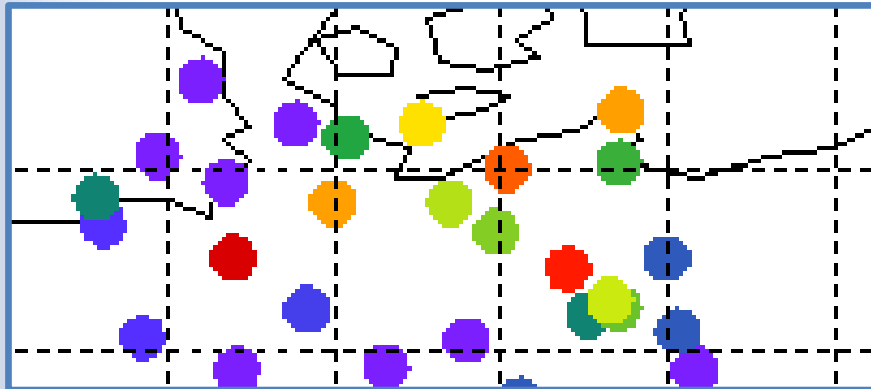
### ➤ Possible **applications** in hydrology (a concept)

## Motivation

### Rain event June 6th, 2011



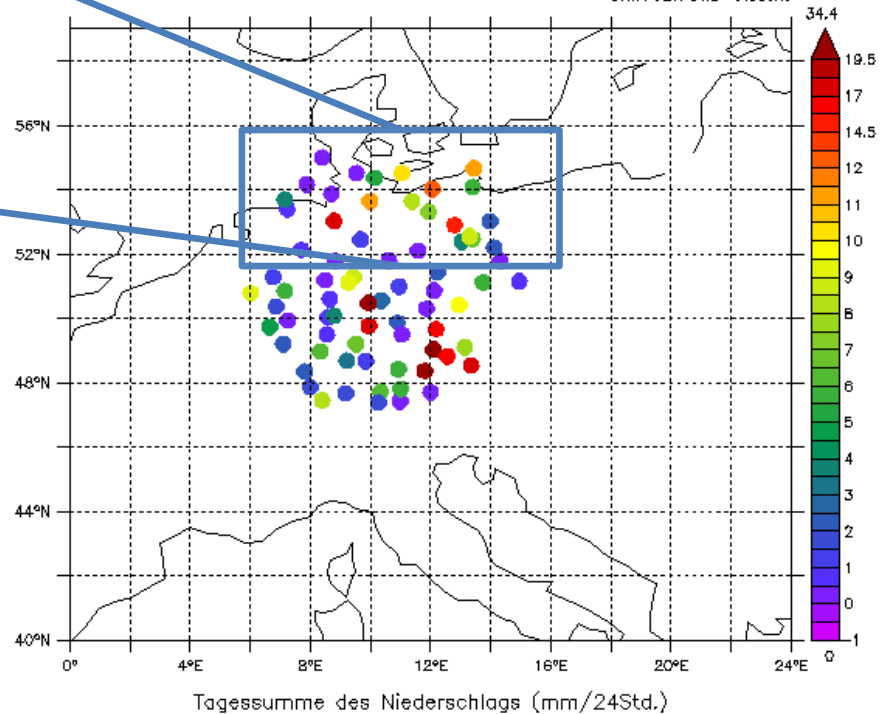
## Motivation



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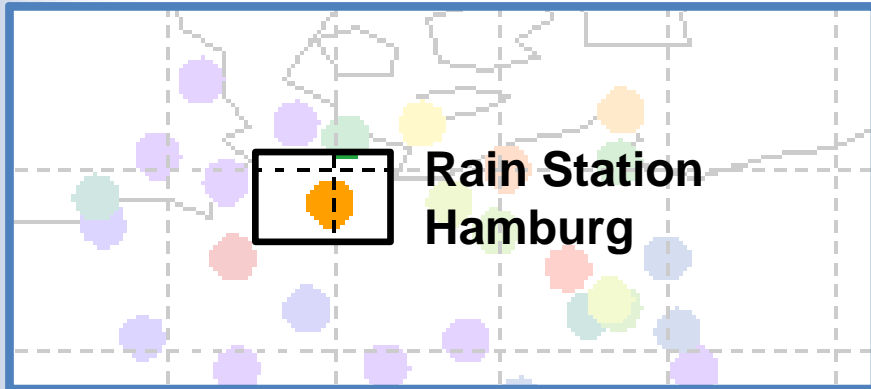
Date: 06-Jun-2011 - 06-Jun-2011

DATA SET: DWD-Stations





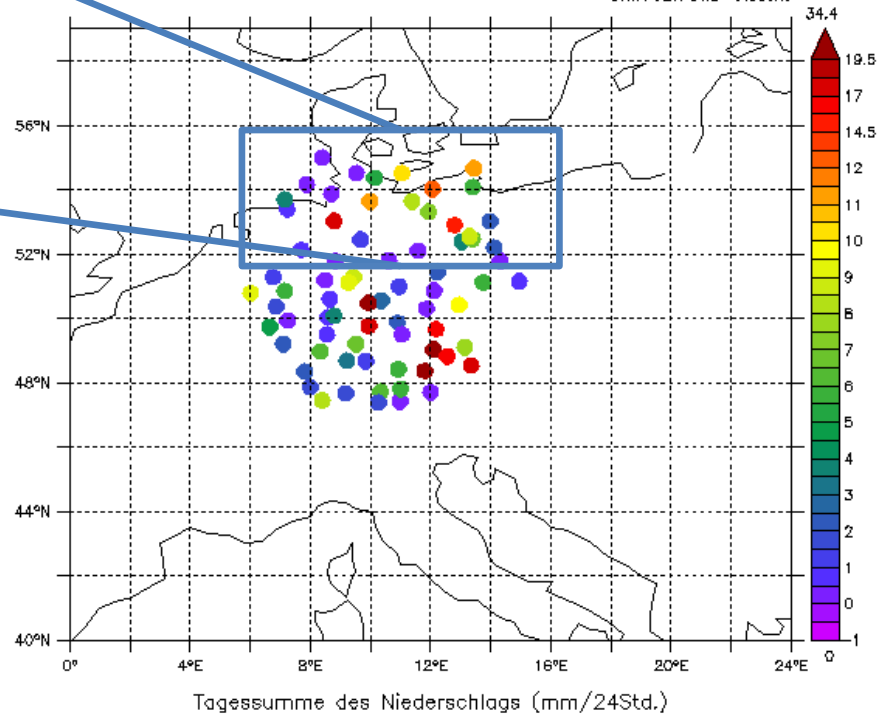
# Motivation



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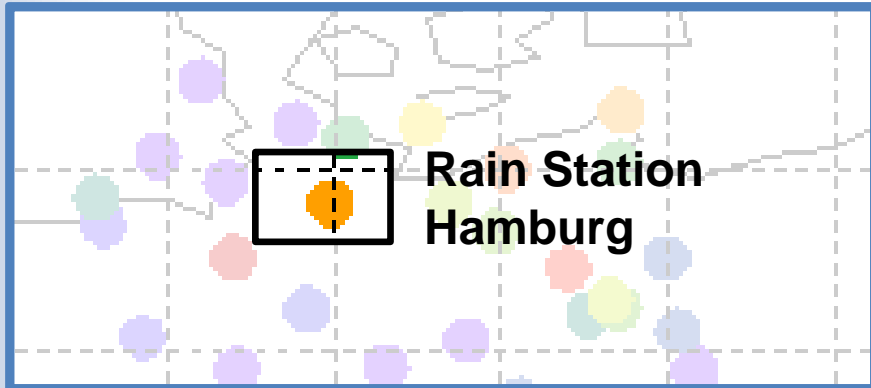
DATA SET: DWD-Stations



DWD rain station at Hamburg airport:

**~11 mm/day**

## Motivation



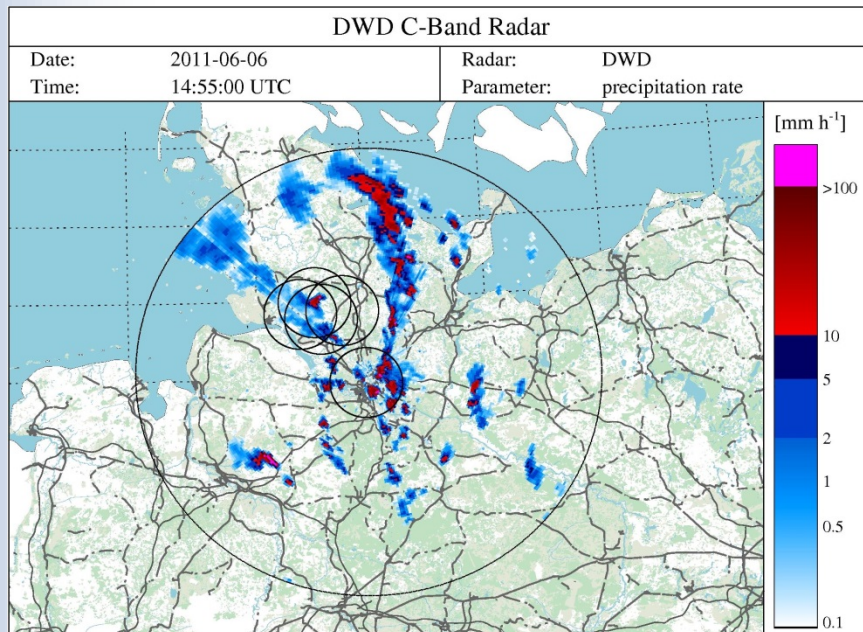
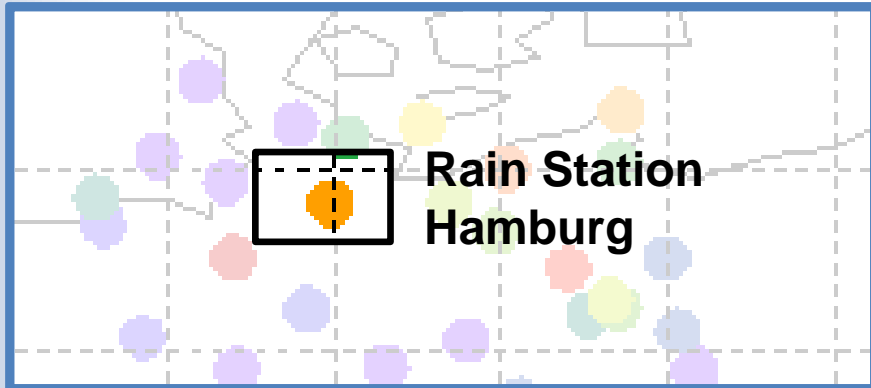
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©dapd

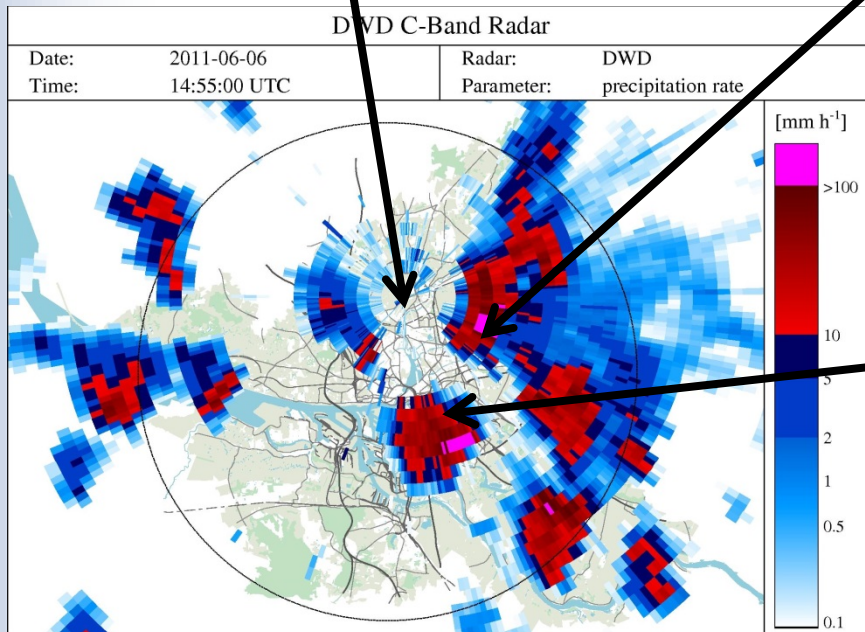
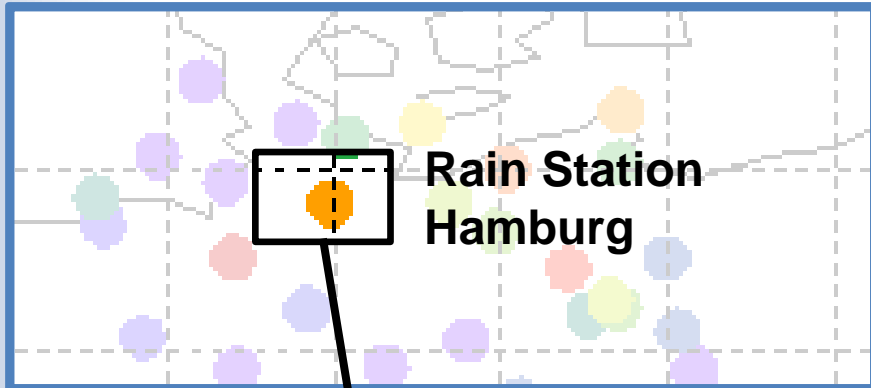
## Motivation



©dapd

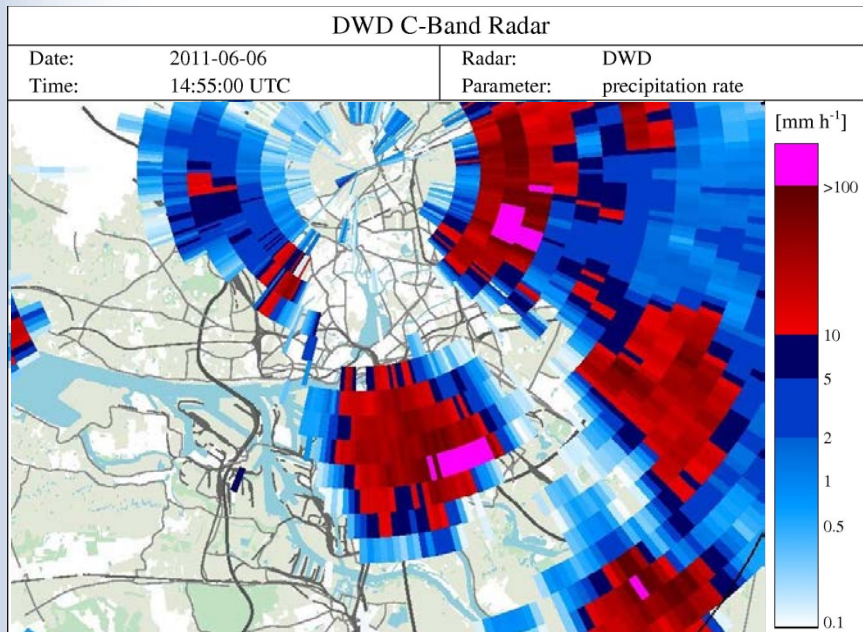
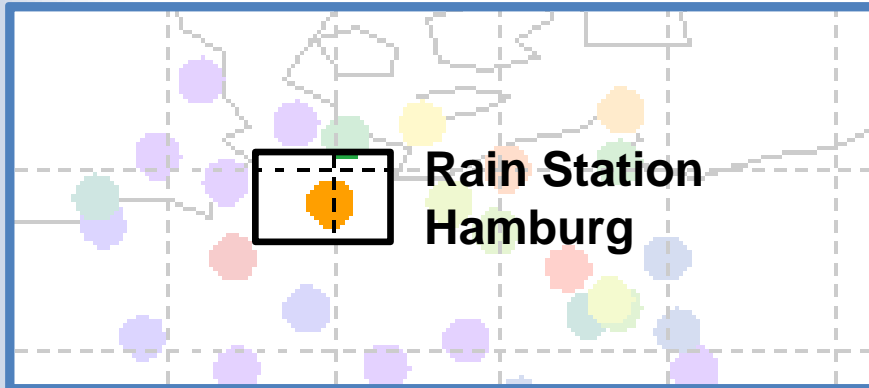


## Motivation



©dapd

# Motivation



**Is 1 km spatial resolution and  
5 min temporal resolution  
sufficient for rainfall-runoff  
simulation in urban areas?**



## C-band vs. X-band

	<b>C-band radar</b>	<b>Single X-band radar</b>
Range	180 km	20 km



## C-band vs. X-band

	C-band radar	Single X-band radar
Range	180 km	20 km
Resolution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ 1 km in range</li><li>➤ 5 min in time</li><li>➤ 1° in azimuth</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ 60 m in range</li><li>➤ 30 s in time</li><li>➤ 1° in azimuth</li></ul>

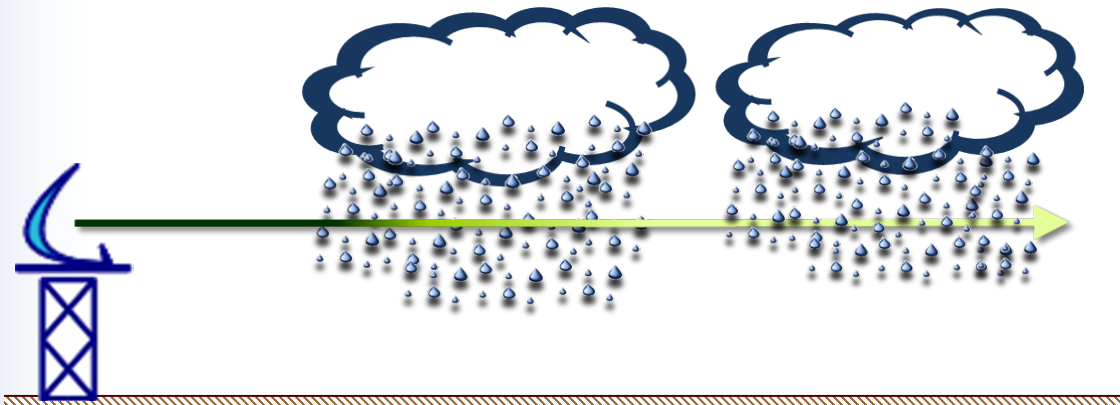
## C-band vs. X-band

	C-band radar	Single X-band radar
Range	180 km	20 km
Resolution	✗	✓
Costs	➤ > 2.000.000 €	➤ 60.000 € (including PC and tower)



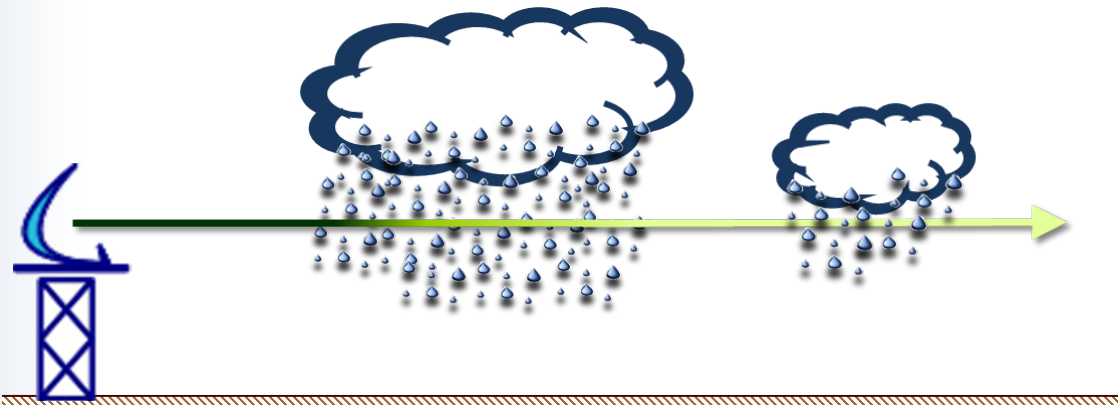
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	C-band radar	Single X-band radar
Range	180 km	20 km
Resolution	✗	✓
Costs	✗	✓
Attenuation	➤ Small effect of attenuation	➤ Strongly affected by attenuation



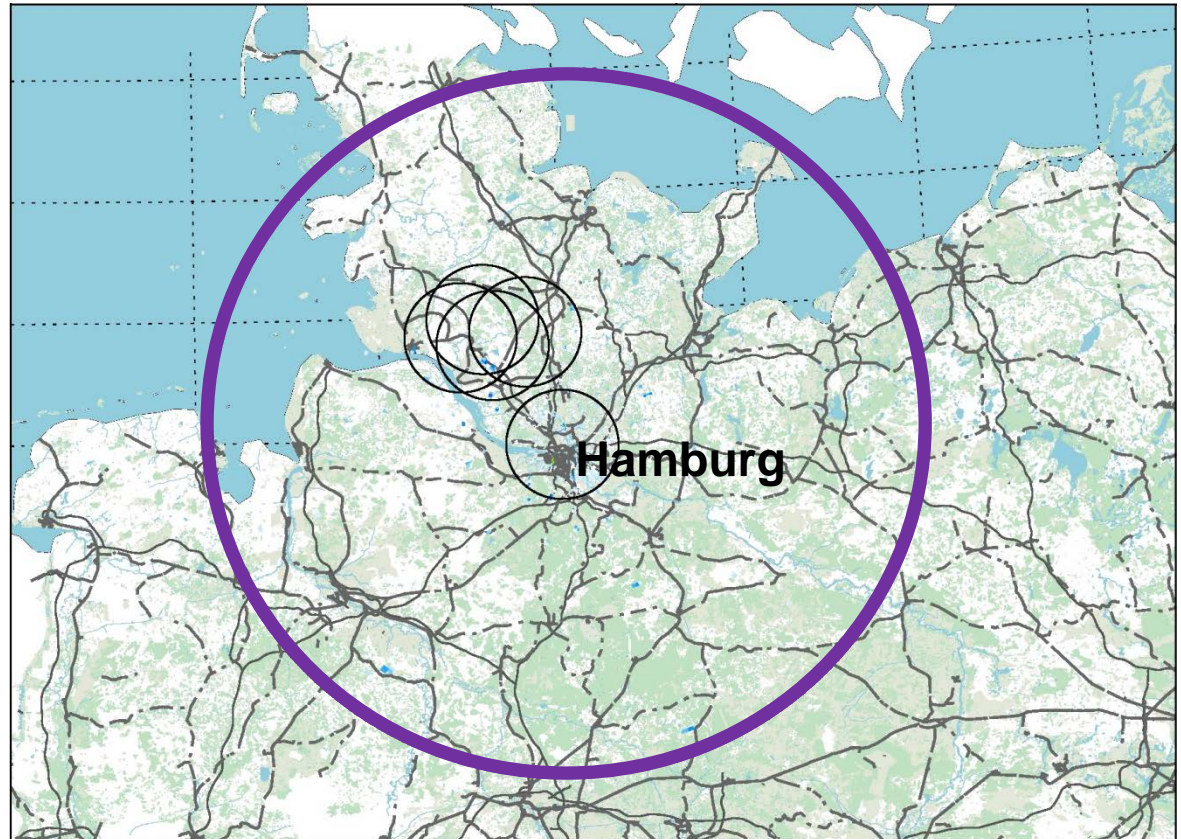
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	C-band radar	Single X-band radar
Range	180 km	20 km
Resolution	✗	✓
Costs	✗	✓
Attenuation	✓	✗
Doppler	✓	✗
Dual-Polarization	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <span>✓</span> <span>✗</span> </div>	✗

## Radar coverage in Northern Germany

- **1 C-band radar (DWD)**

time resolution: 5 min  
range resolution: 1 km  
azimuth resolution: 1°  
maximum range: 180 km





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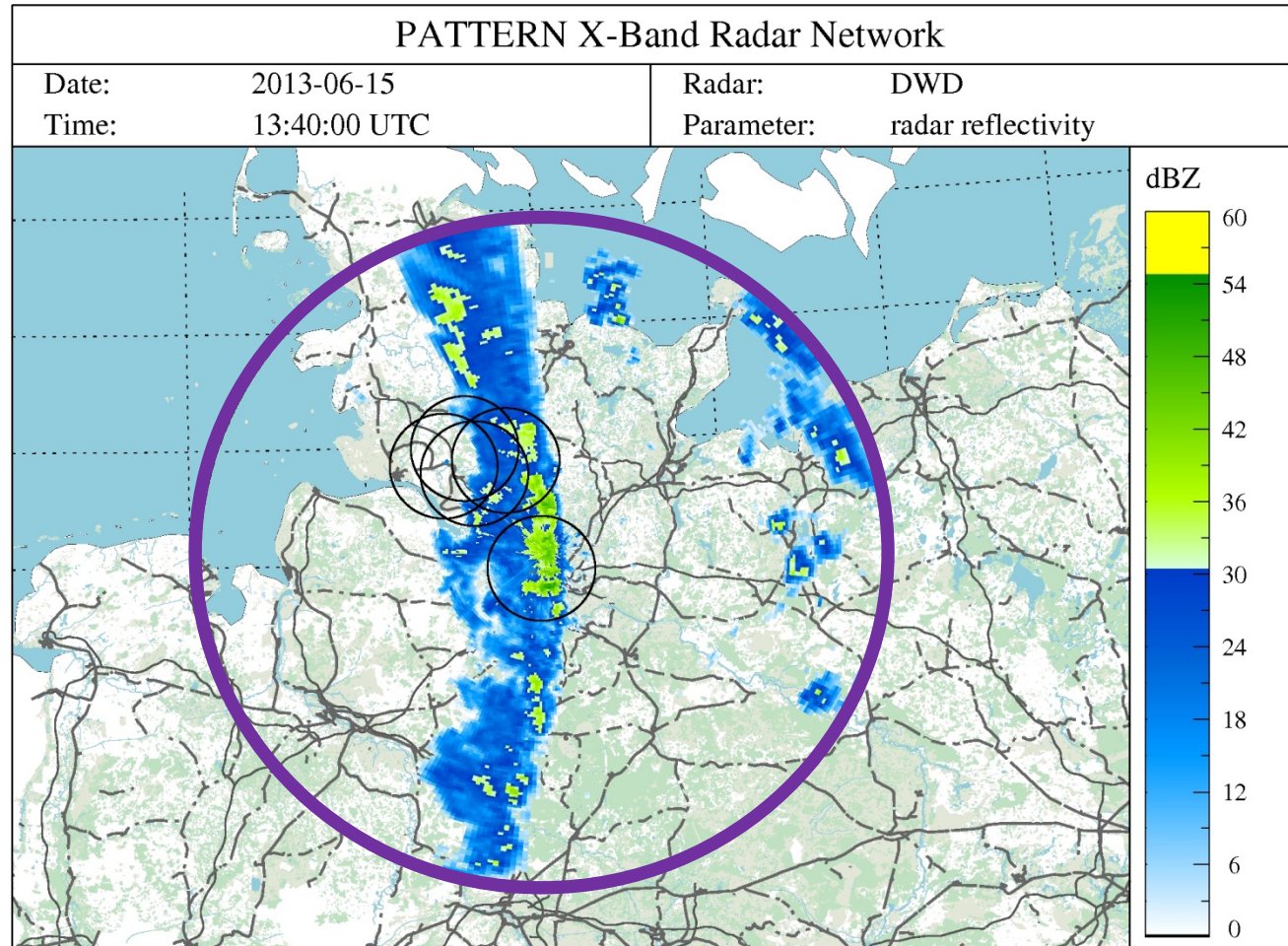
time resolution: 5 min  
range resolution: 1 km  
azimuth resolution: 1°  
maximum range: 180 km

- **1 X-band radar (Hamburg)**

time resolution: 30 s  
range resolution: 60 m  
azimuth resolution: 1°  
maximum range: 20 km



# C-Band Radar



- **C-band radar**  
 range = 180 km  
 resolution = 1 km



# Combination of C-band and single X-band radar

## C-Band

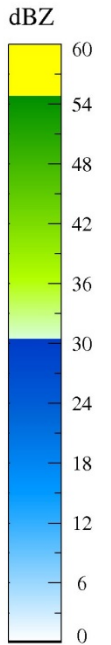
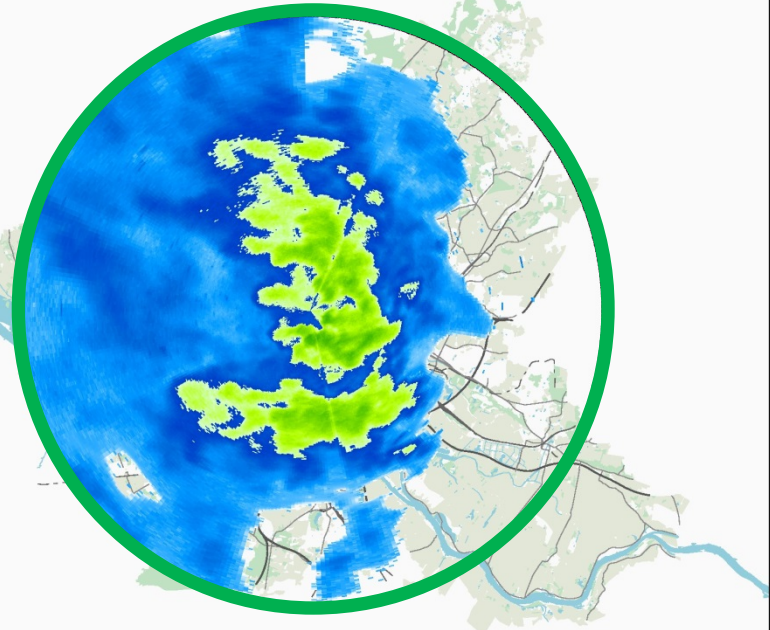
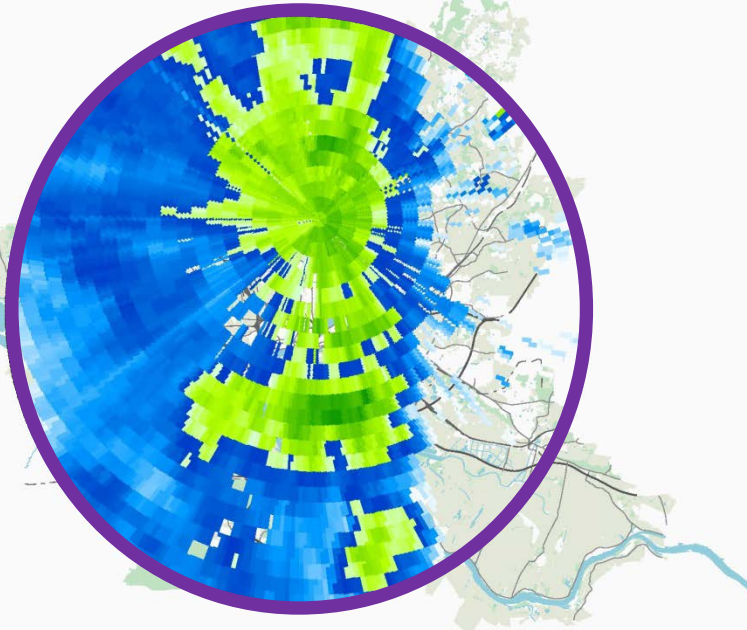
## X-Band

X-Band Radar Network

X-Band Radar Network

Date: 2013-06-15  
 Time: 13:40:00 UTC  
 Radar: DWD  
 Parameter: reflectivity on PAT

Date: 2013-06-15  
 Time: 13:40:00 UTC  
 Radar: HHG  
 Parameter: radar reflectivity



range = 180 km  
 resolution = 1 km

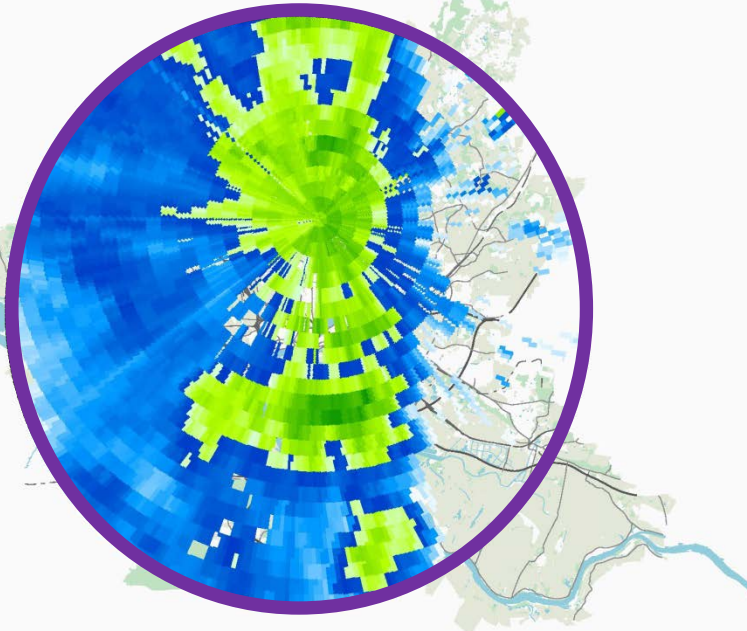
range = 20 km  
 resolution = 60 m

# Combination of C-band and single X-band radar

## C-Band

X-Band Radar Network

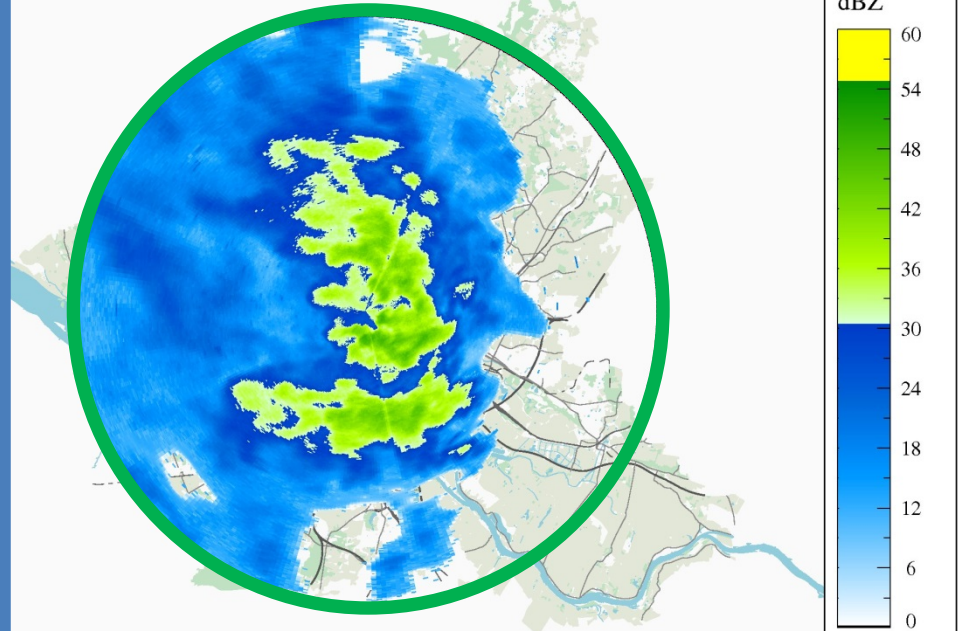
Date:	2013-06-15	Radar:	DWD
Time:	13:40:00 UTC	Parameter:	reflectivity on PAT



## X-Band

X-Band Radar Network

Date:	2013-06-15	Radar:	HHG
Time:	13:40:00 UTC	Parameter:	radar reflectivity



➤ Good agreement in spatial structure with higher resolution



# Combination of C-band and single X-band radar

## C-Band

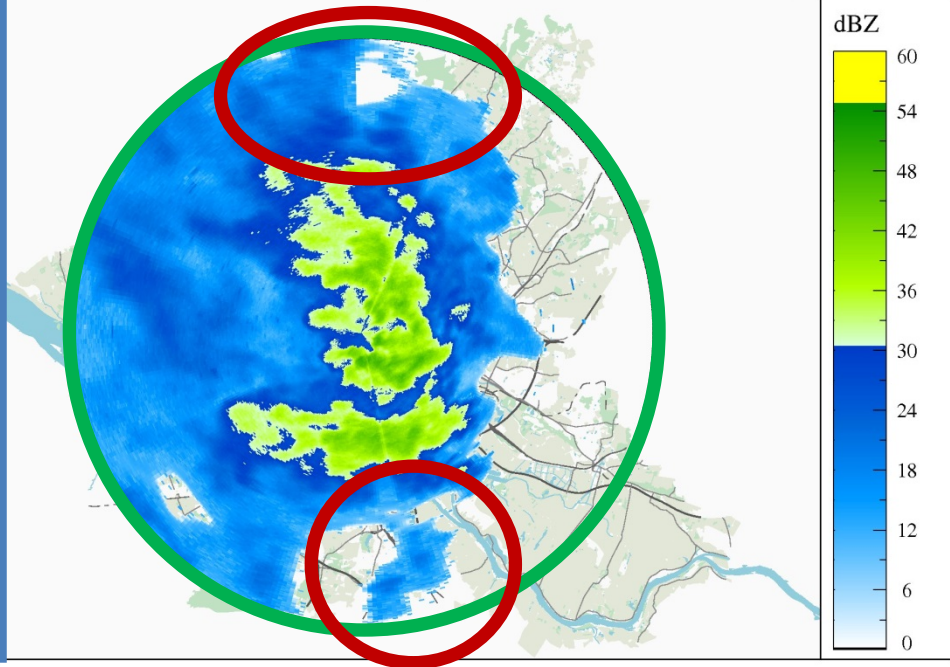
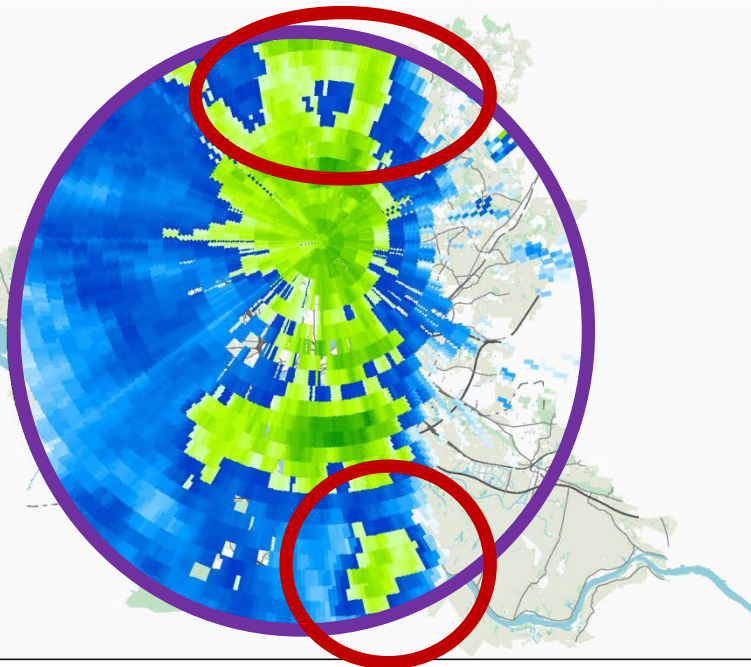
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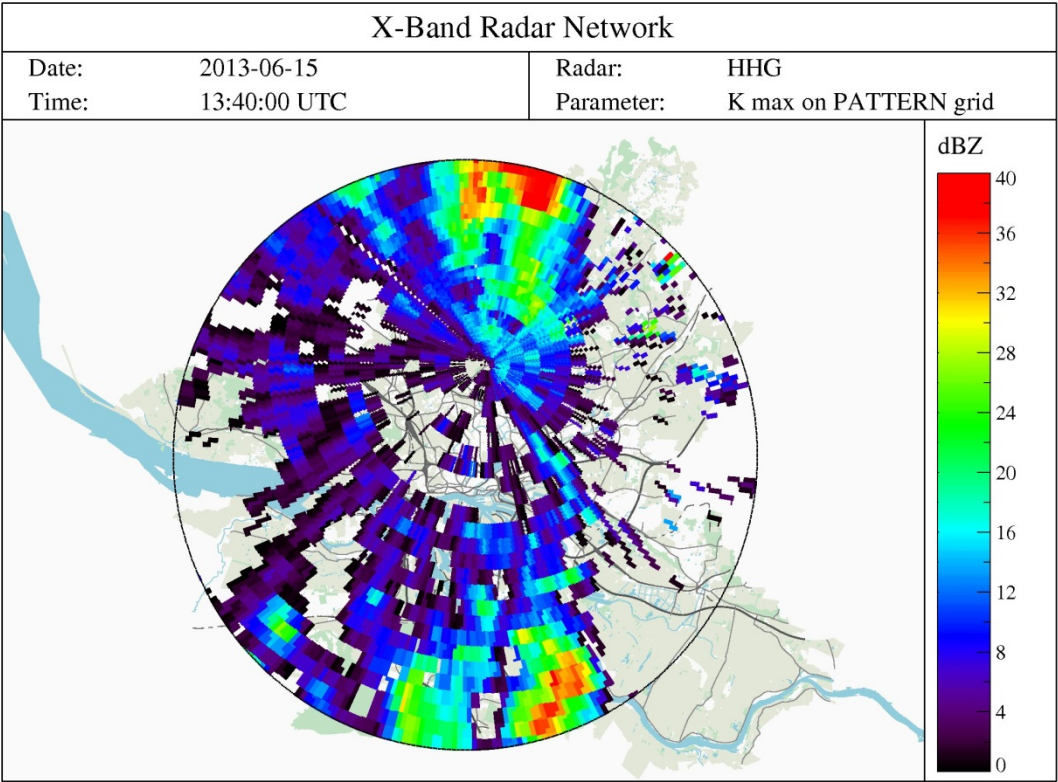
➤ Good agreement in spatial structure with higher resolution

➤ X-band radar highly attenuated by liquid water

# Combination of C-band and single X-band radar

Using the ratio of reflectivities of C- and X-band radars for attenuation correction:

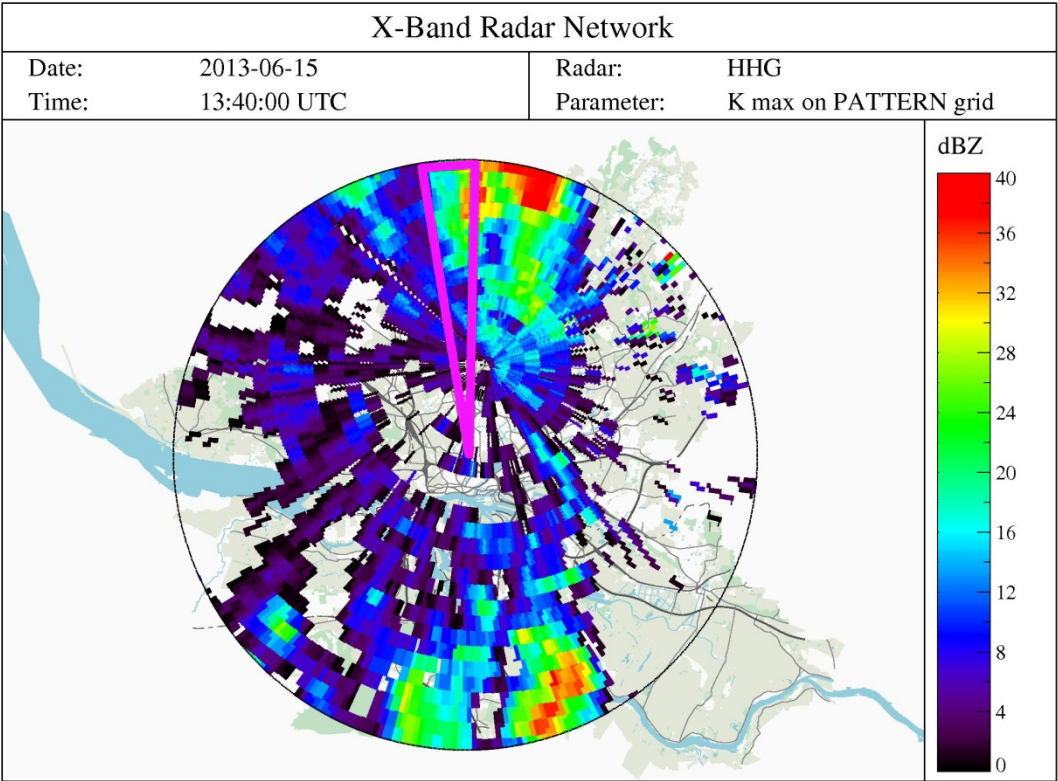
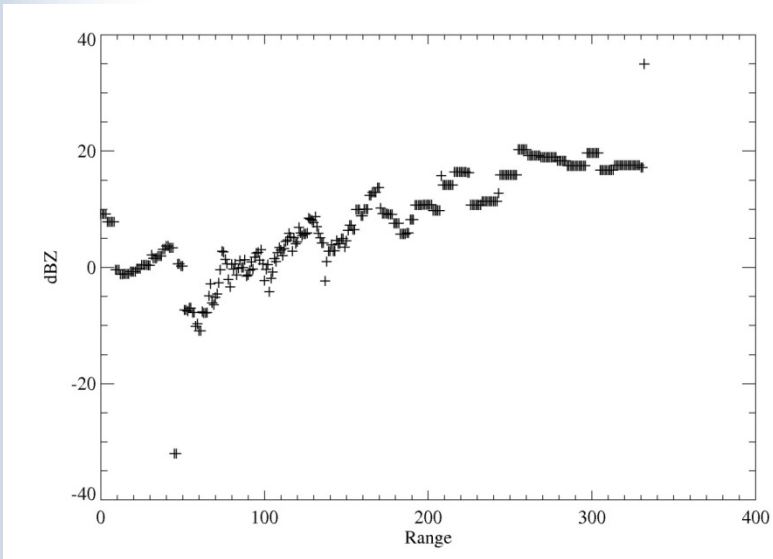
$$K_{max} = 10 \log \left( \frac{Z_{C-band}}{Z_{X-band}} \right)$$



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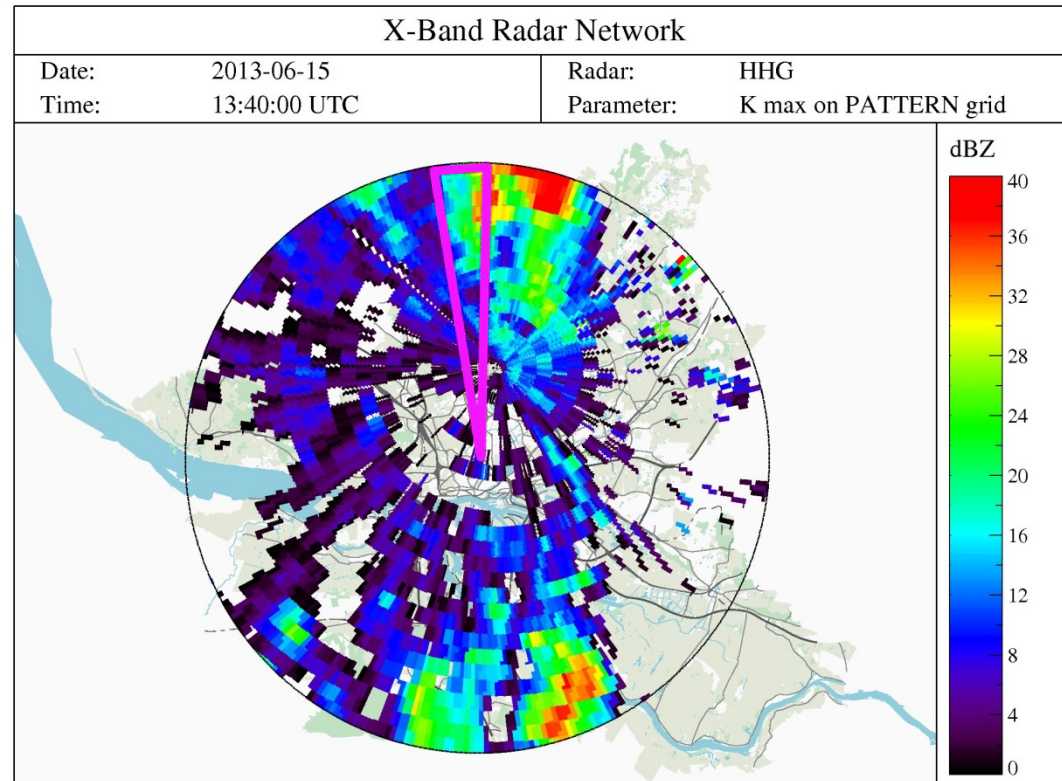
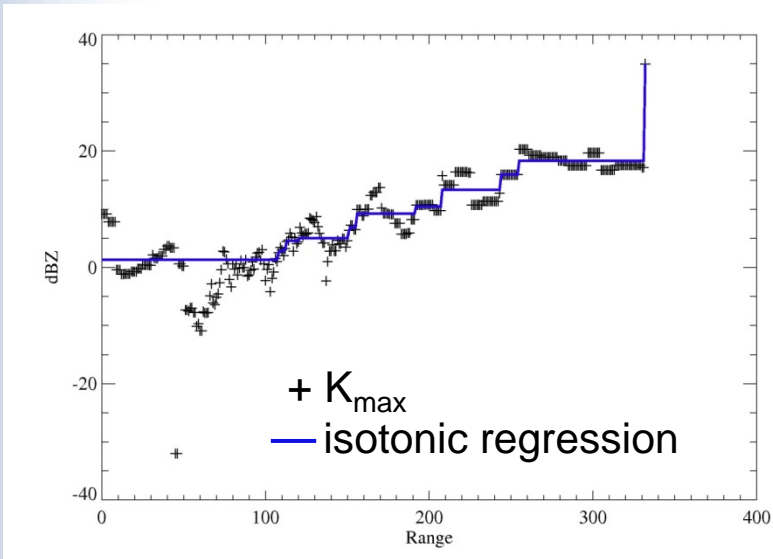
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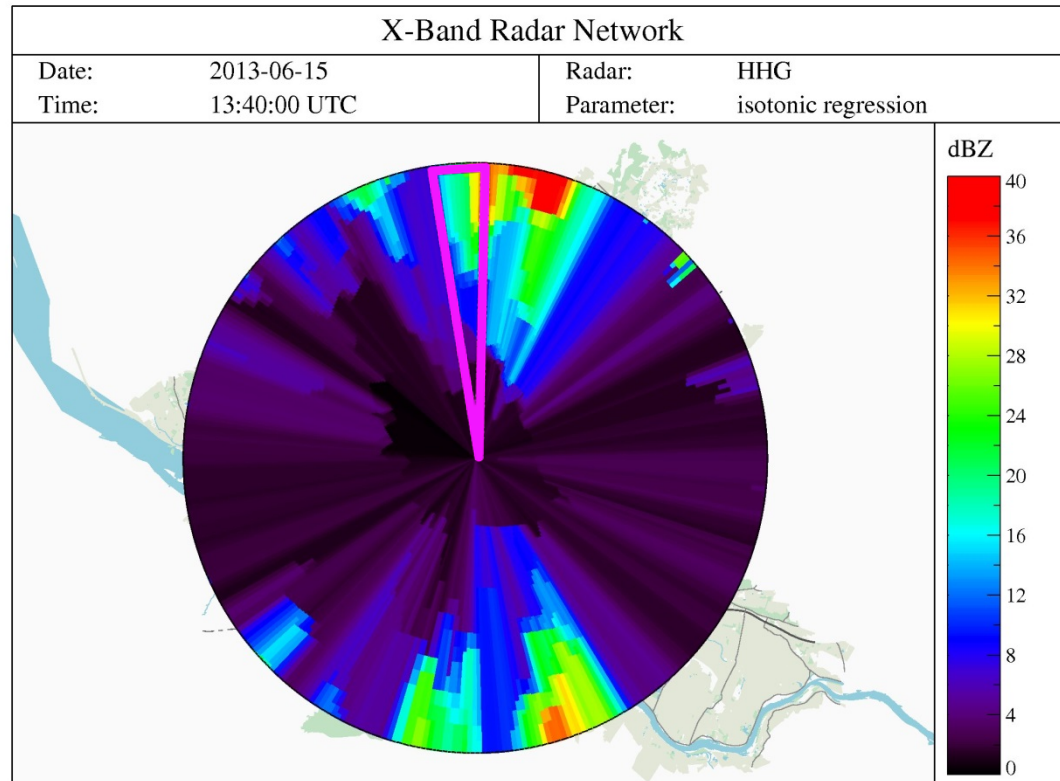
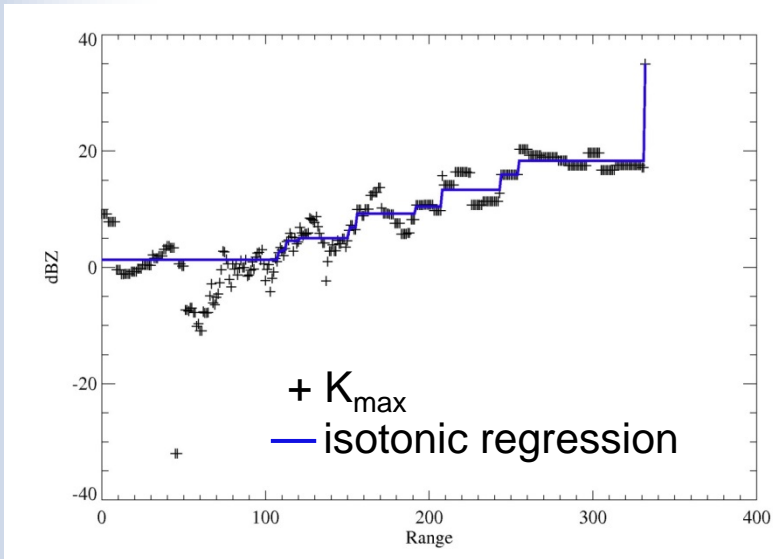




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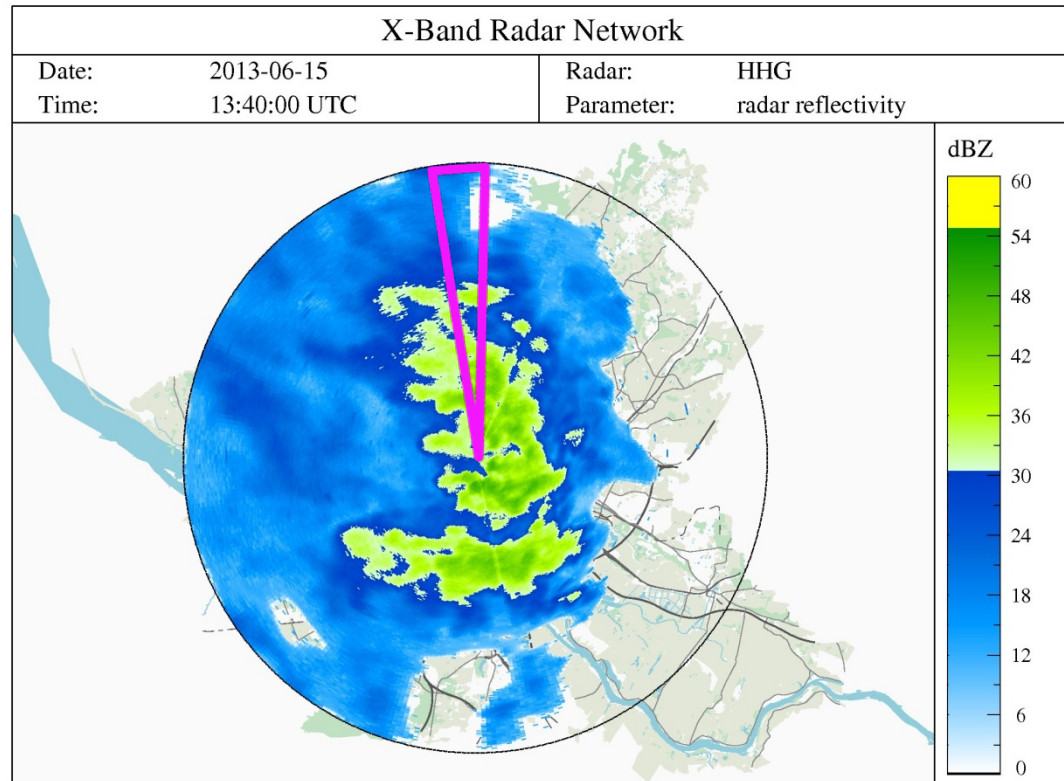
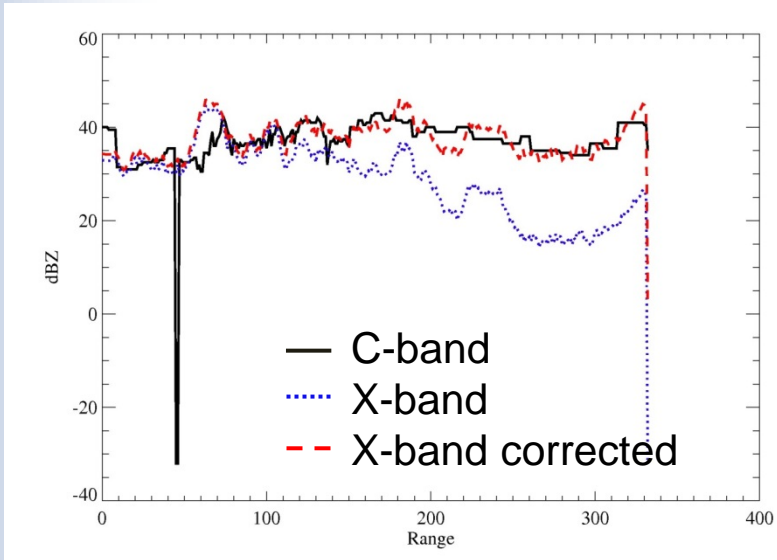
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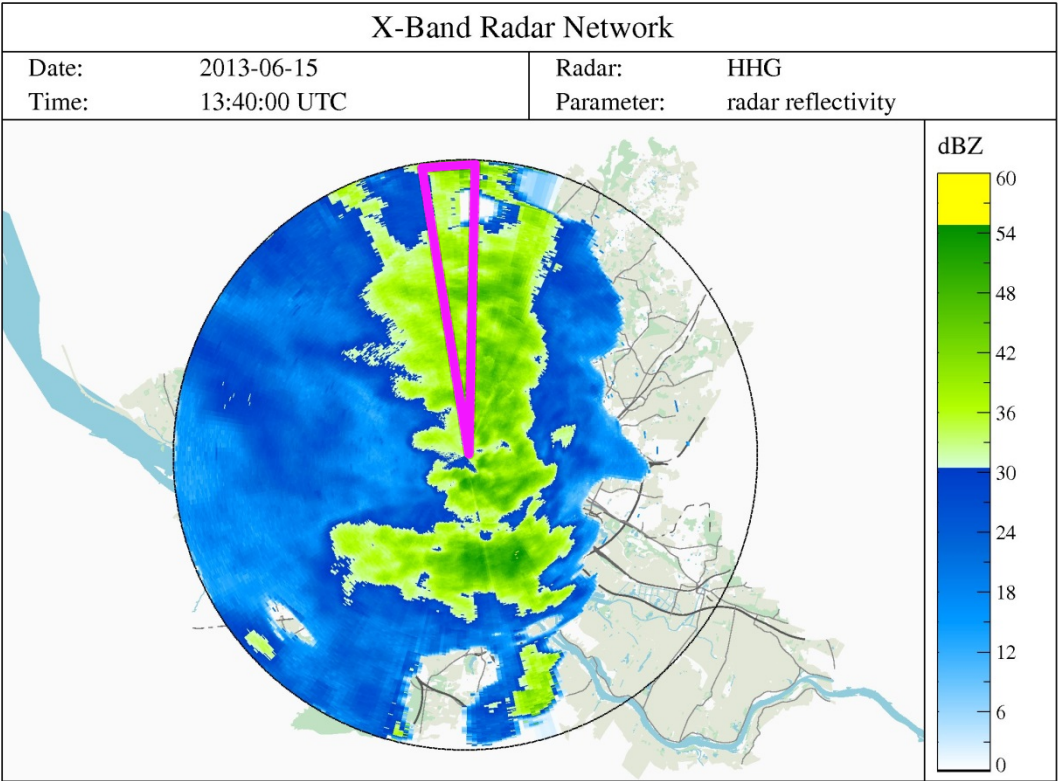
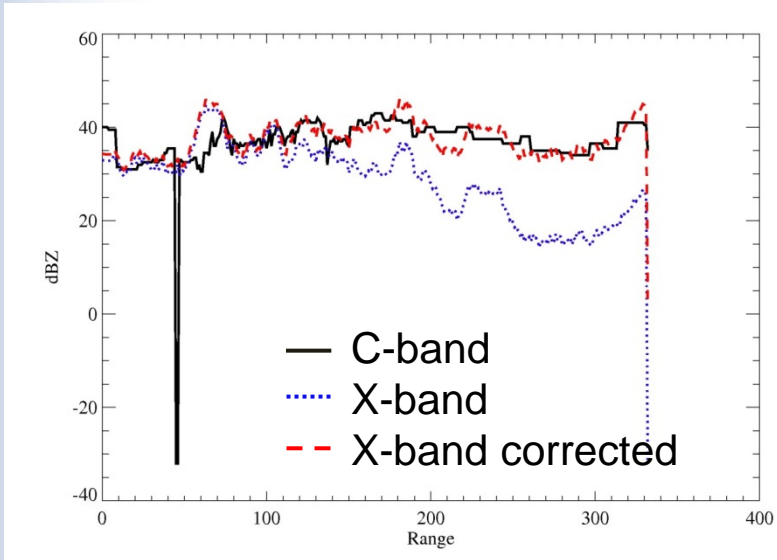
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# Combination of C-band and single X-band radar

## C-Band

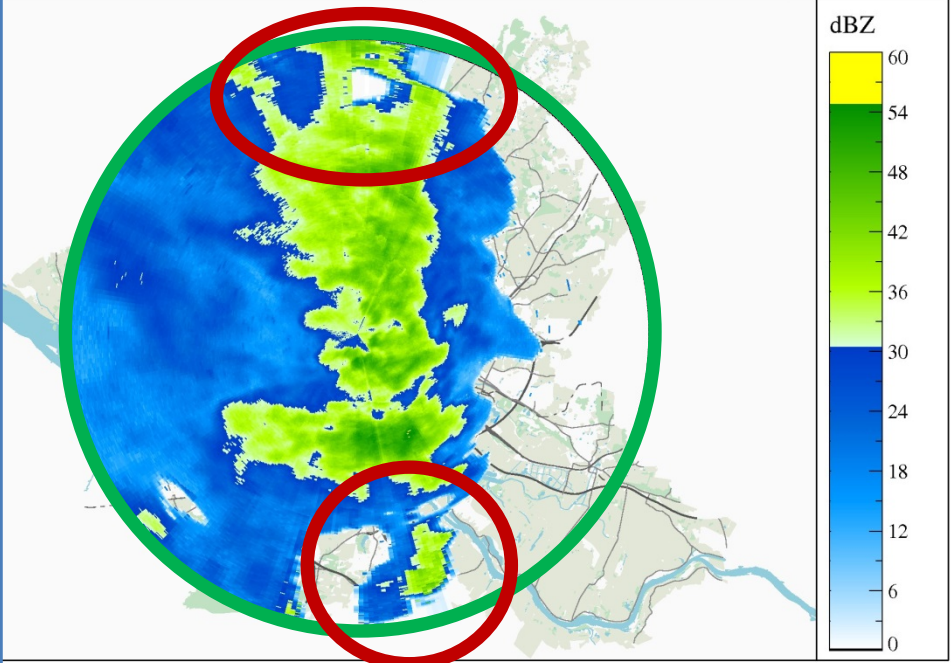
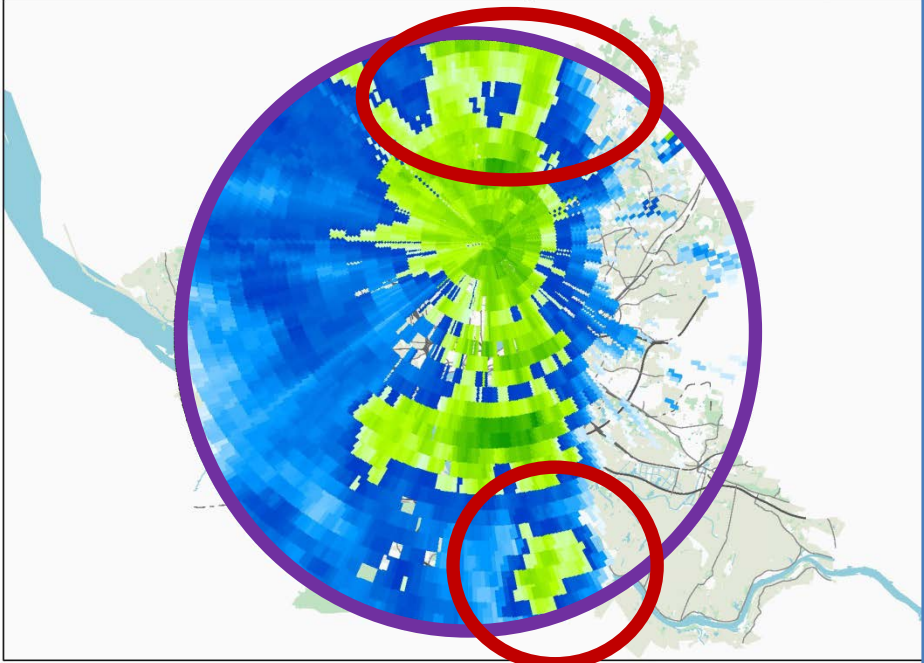
## X-Band

X-Band Radar Network

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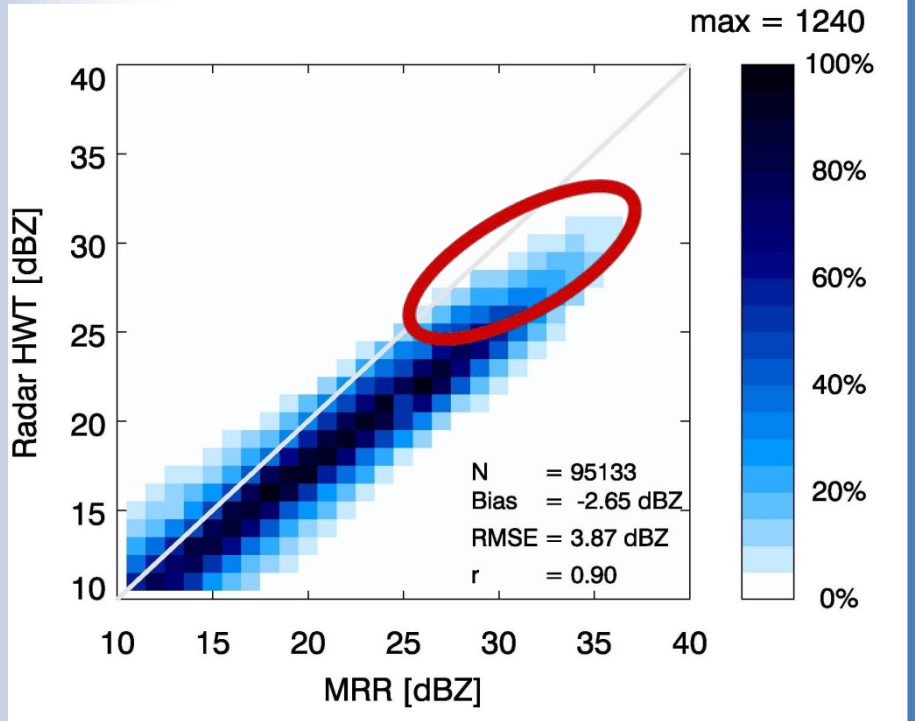
➤ Good agreement in spatial structure with higher resolution

➤ Slight underestimation of attenuation  
➤ Stable even at high attenuation

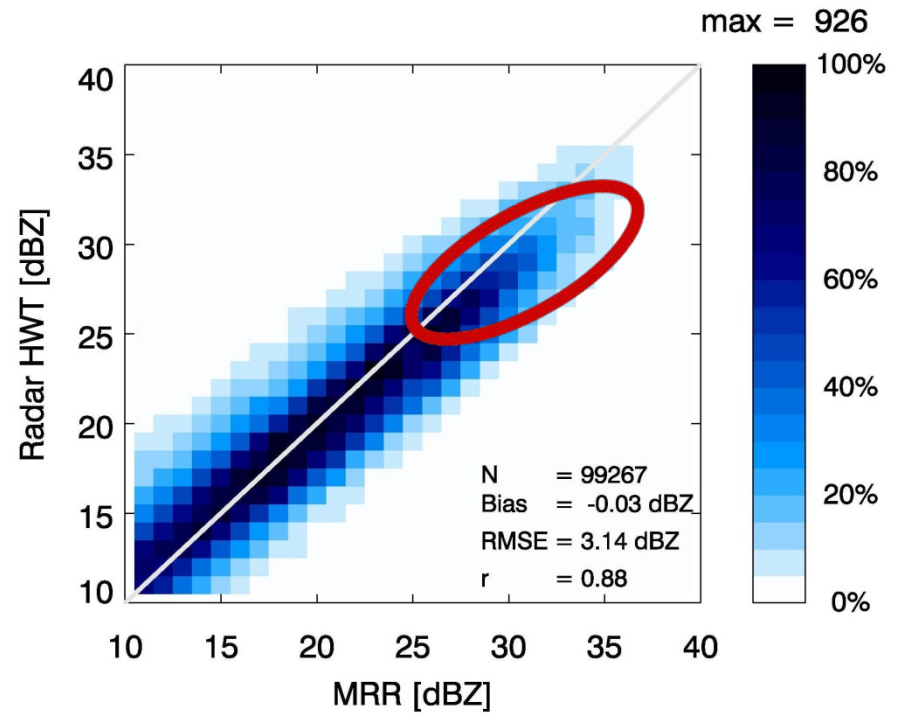


# Combination of C-band and single X-band radar

uncorrected



corrected



- Reduction of bias (-2.65 dBZ → -0.03 dBZ)
- Reduction of RMSE (3.87 dBZ → 3.14 dBZ)
- Slight decline in correlation (0.90 → 0.88)

## Summary I

- X-band radars can serve as **magnifying glass** in urban areas



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- X-band radars can serve as **magnifying glass** in urban areas



Can a **network** of high-resolution X-band radars improve precipitation estimates?

## C-band vs. X-band

	C-band radar	Single X-band radar	X-band radar network of 4 radars
Range	180 km	20 km	60 km x 80 km
Resolution	✗	✓	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ 250 m in range</li> <li>➤ 30 s in time</li> </ul>
Costs	✗	✓	➤ < 300.000 €
Attenuation	✓	✗	➤ multiple coverage allows for correction
Doppler	✓	✗	✗
Dual-Polarization	✓ ✗	✗	✗

## Radar coverage in Northern Germany

- **1 C-band radar (DWD)**

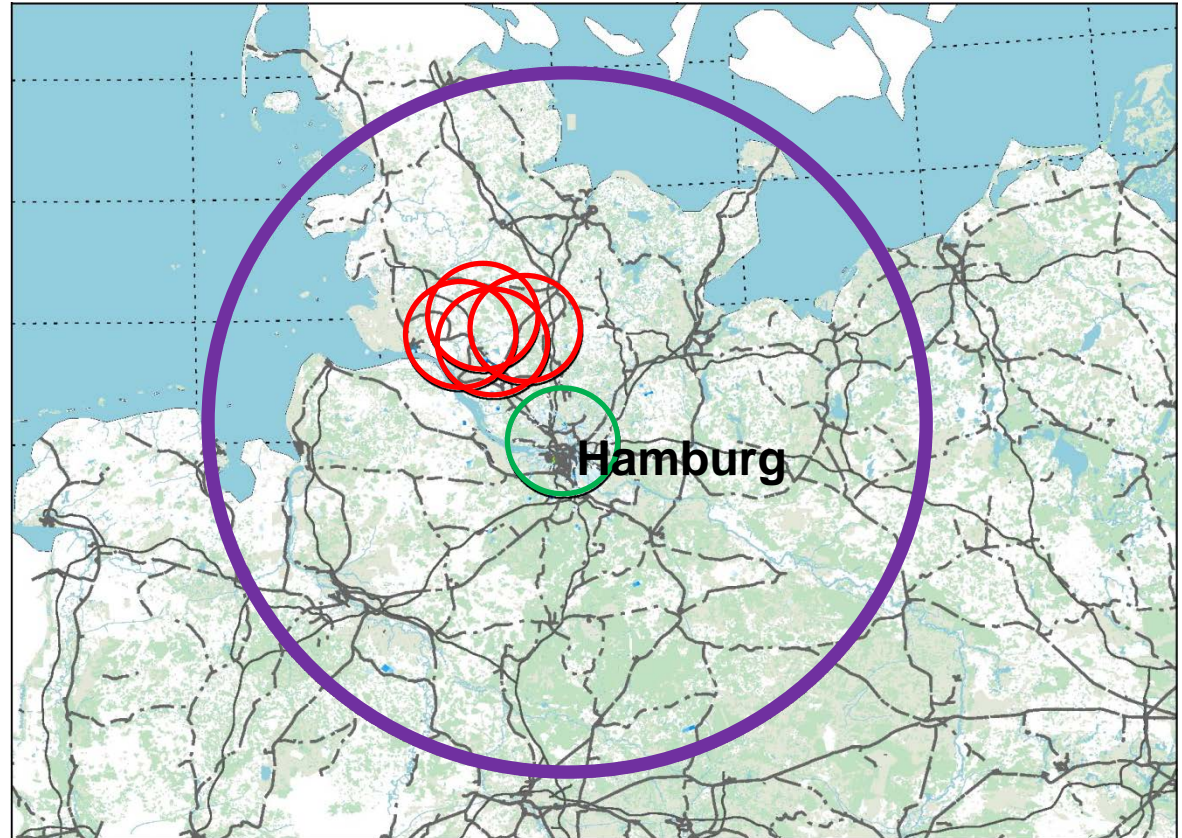
time resolution: 5 min  
range resolution: 1 km  
azimuth resolution: 1°  
maximum range: 180 km

- **1 X-band radar (Hamburg)**

time resolution: 30 s  
range resolution: 60 m  
azimuth resolution: 1°  
maximum range: 20 km

- **4 X-band radars (PATTERN)**

time resolution: 30 s  
range resolution: 60 m  
azimuth resolution: 1°  
maximum range: 20 km

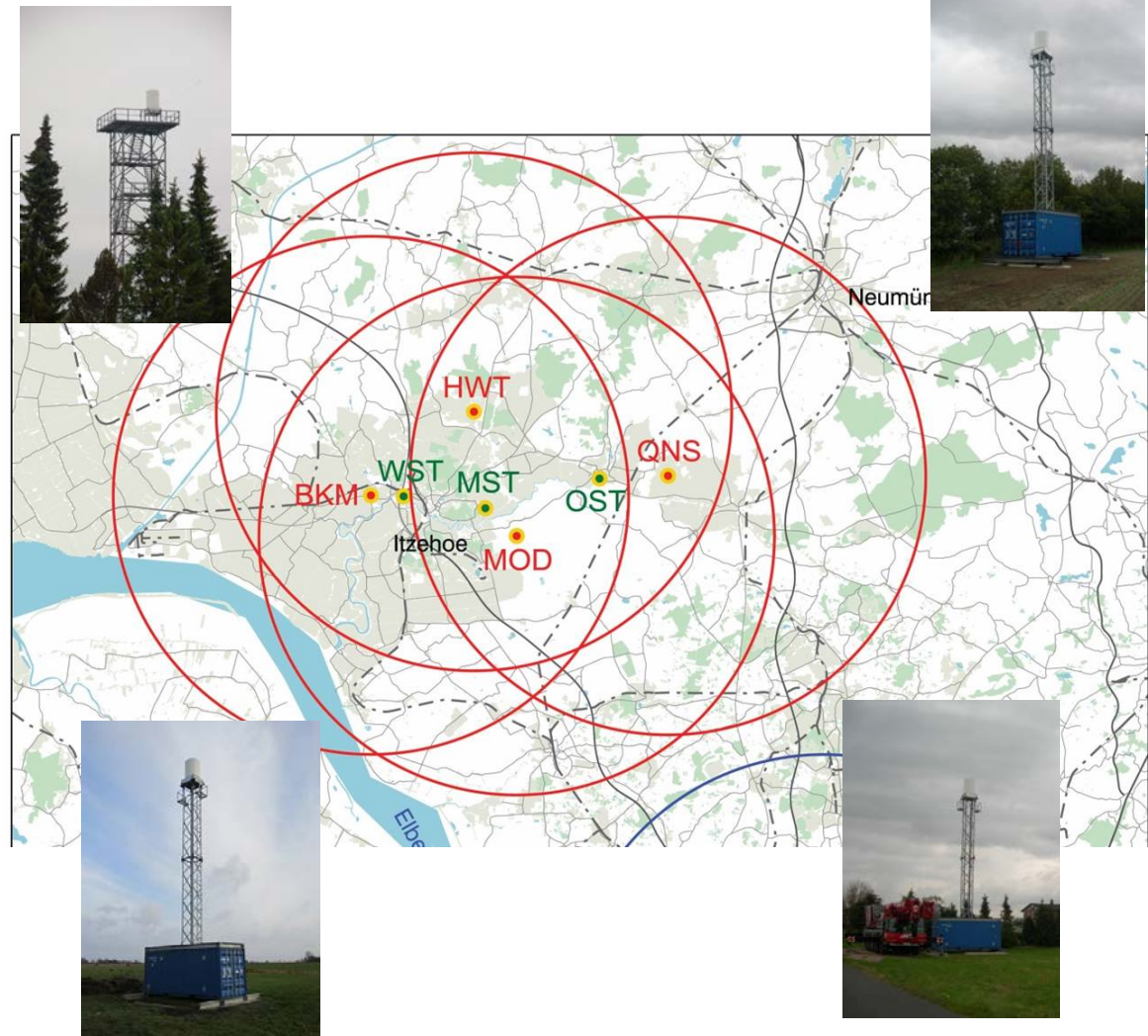




## Design of the radar network

- **4 X-band radars**

time resolution: 30 s  
range resolution: 60 m  
azimuth resolution: 1°  
maximum range: 20 km



## Design of the radar network

- 4 X-band radars**

time resolution: 30 s  
 range resolution: 60 m  
 azimuth resolution: 1°  
 maximum range: 20 km

- 4 MRRs**

time resolution: 10 s  
 height resolution: 35 m  
 height levels: 31

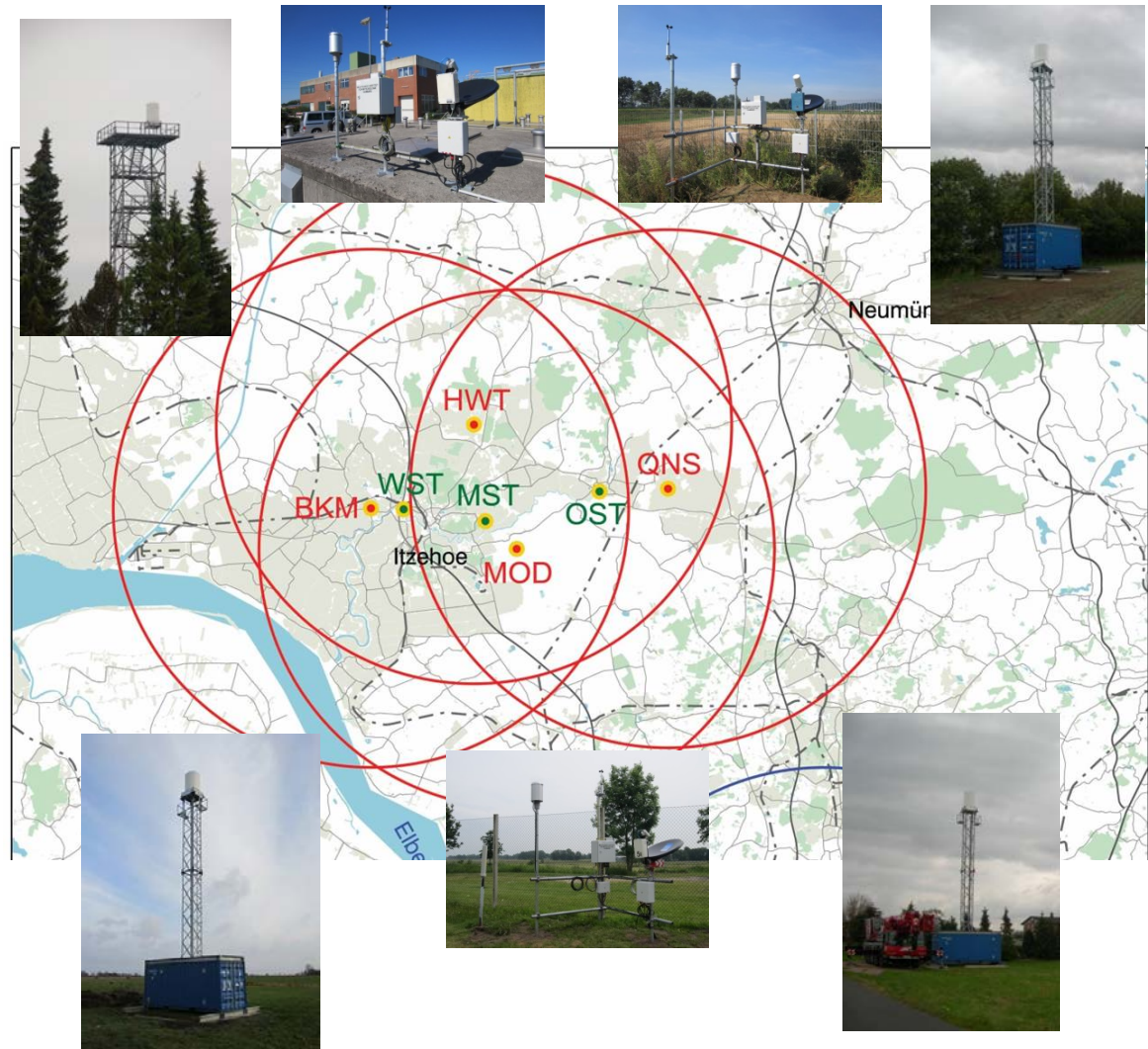
- 3 reference stations**

- i) MRRs:

time resolution: 10 s  
 height resolution: 35 m  
 height levels: 31

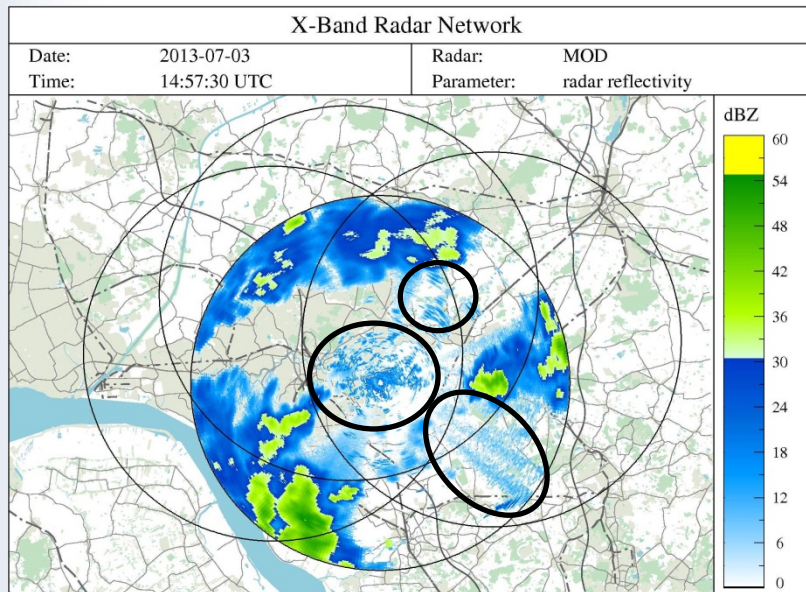
- ii) gauges:

time resolution: 1 min  
 intensity resolution: 0.1 mm



## X-band radar network: Clutter detection

Example: Reflectivity field of X-band radar MOD, July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2013

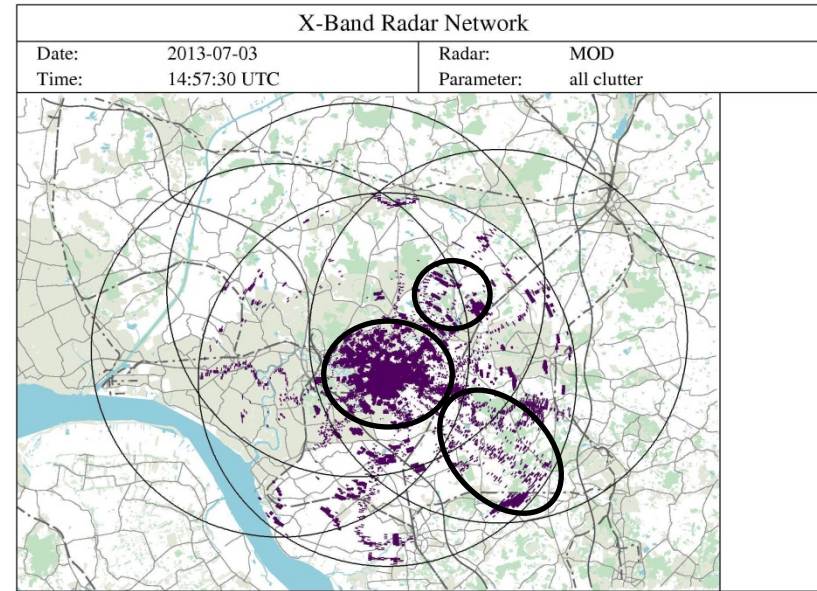
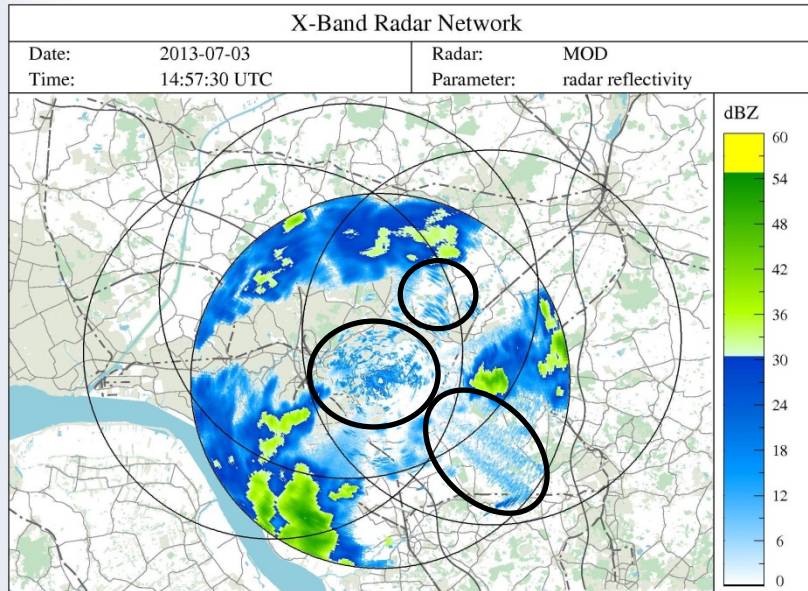


- Disturbances due to houses, trees, moving objects, other emitters, etc.



# X-band radar network: Clutter detection

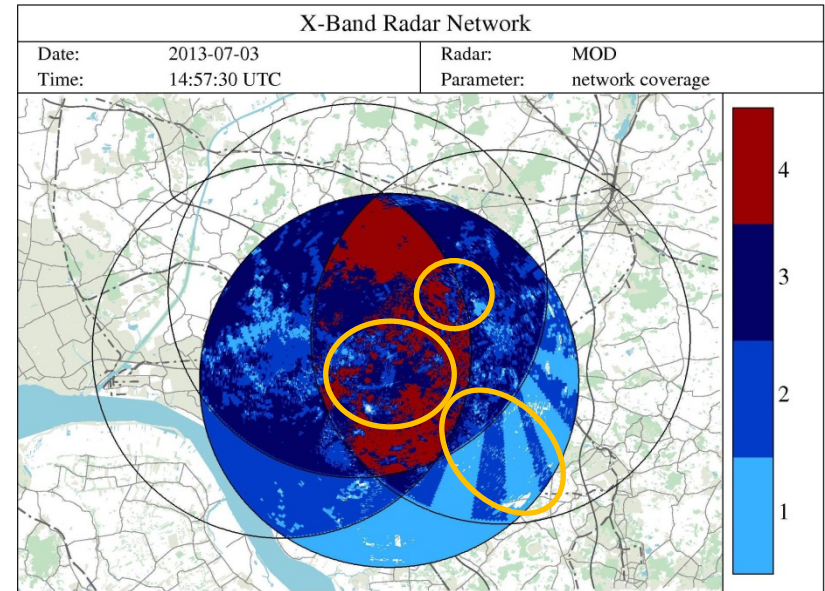
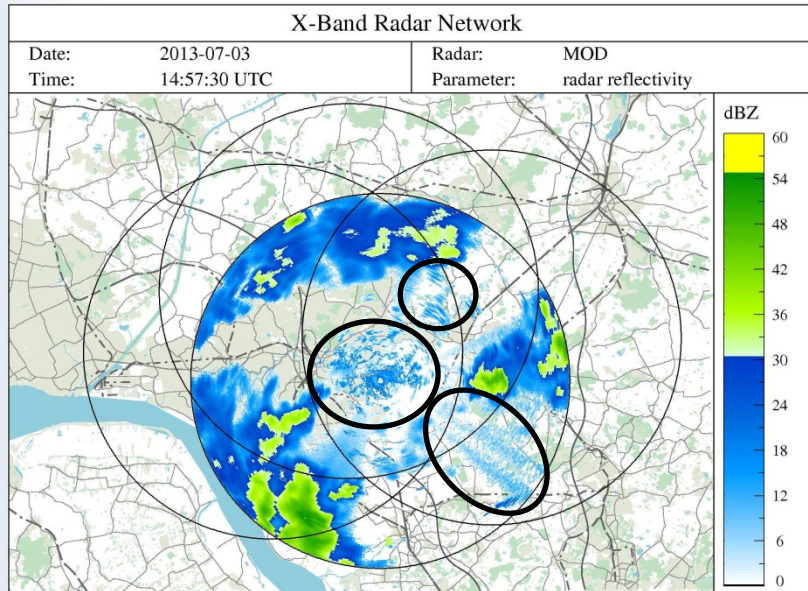
Example: Reflectivity field of X-band radar MOD, July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2013



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- Clutter filters for single radars do not detect all disturbances

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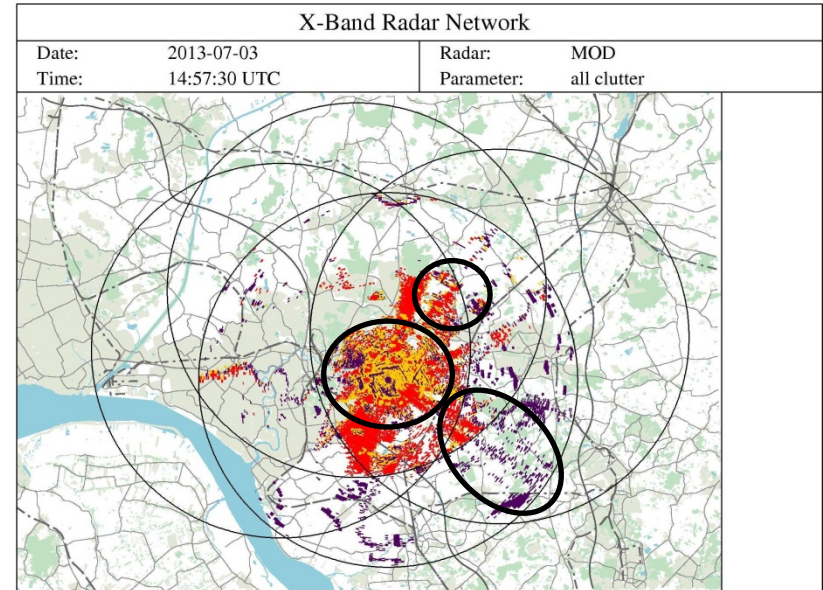
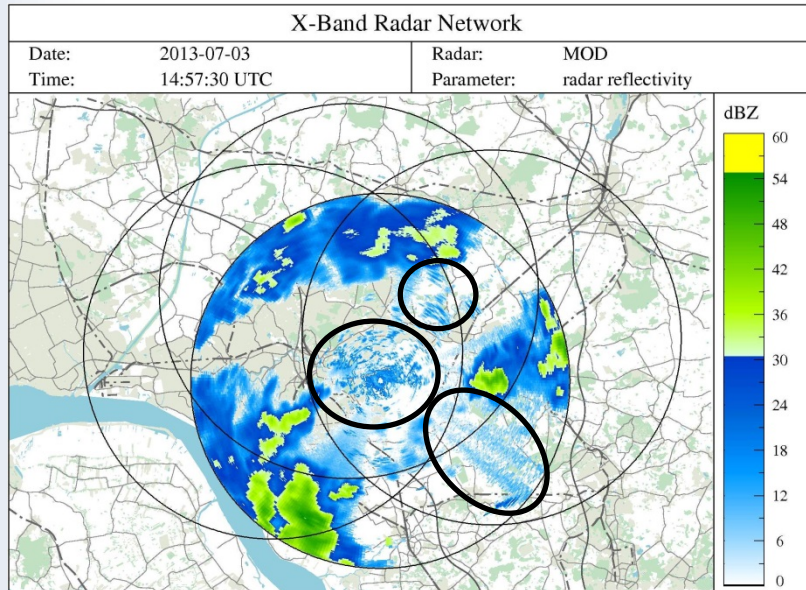


- Disturbances due to houses, trees, moving objects, other emitters, etc.
- Clutter filters for single radars do not detect all disturbances
- Multiple coverage within the network area



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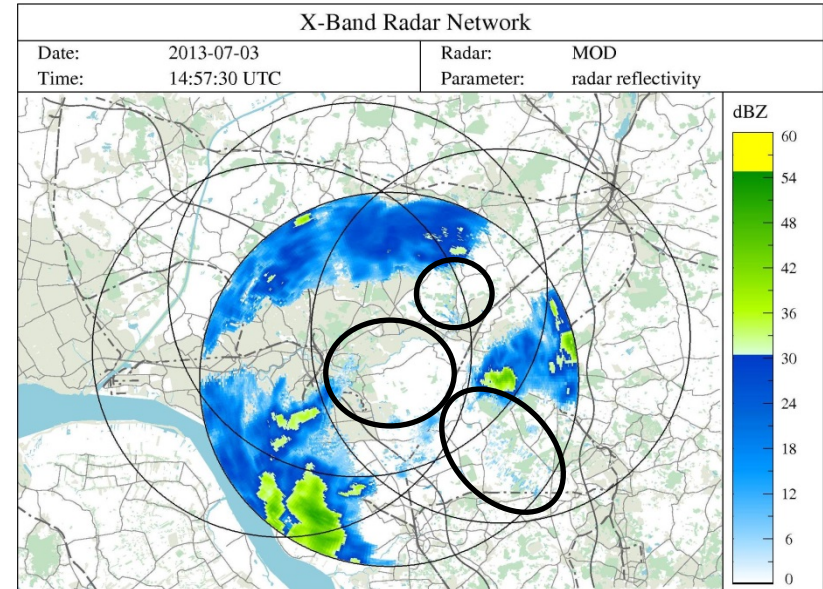
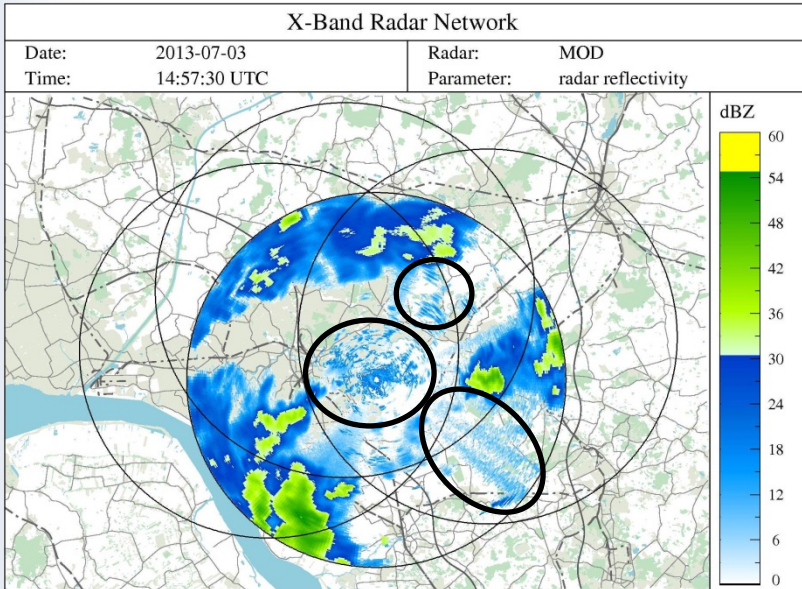
Example: Reflectivity field of X-band radar MOD, July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2013



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- Network based clutter filter detects most disturbances in areas covered by more than two radars

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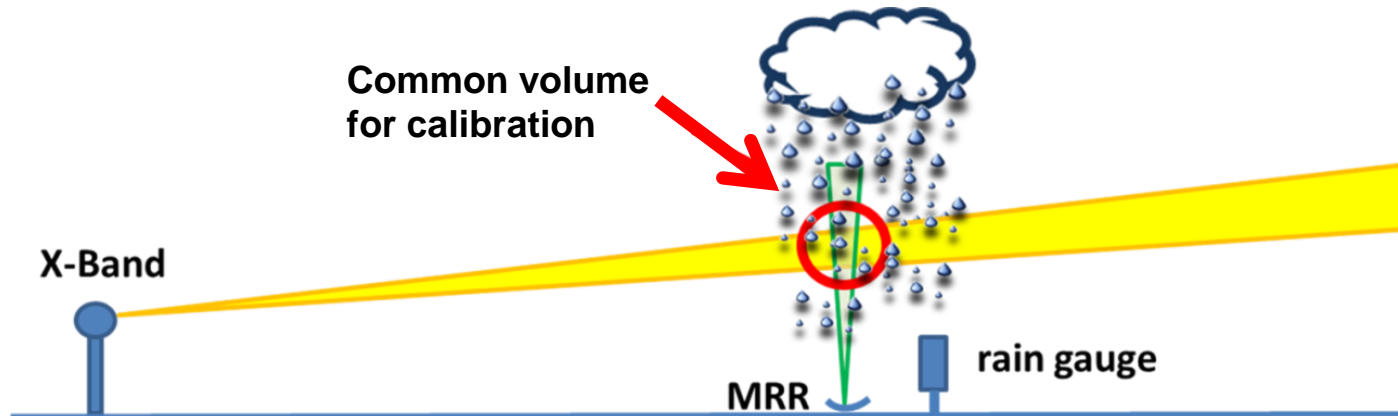
Example: Reflectivity field of X-band radar MOD, July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2013



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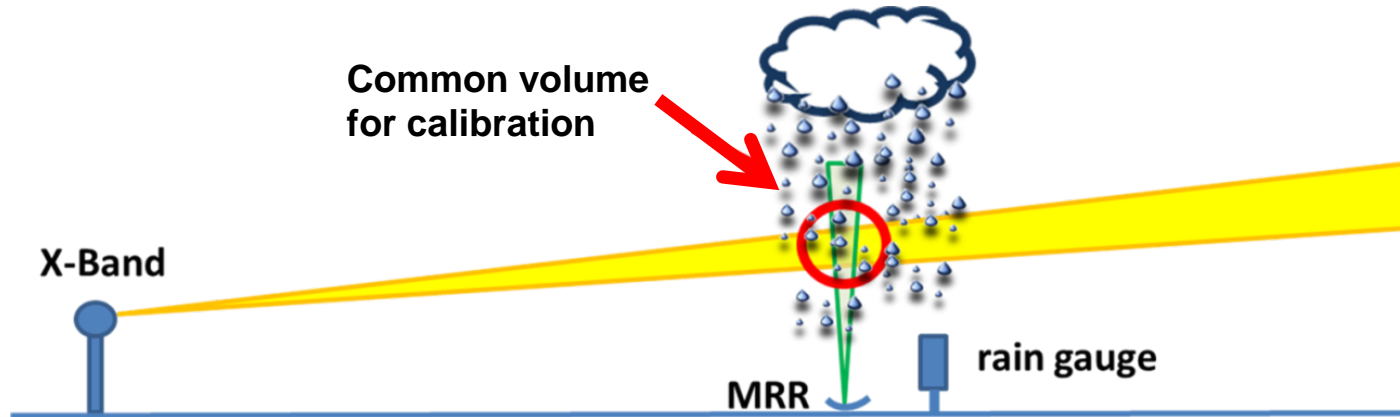
## X-band radar network: Calibration



Calibrating X-band radar with MRRs has several advantages:

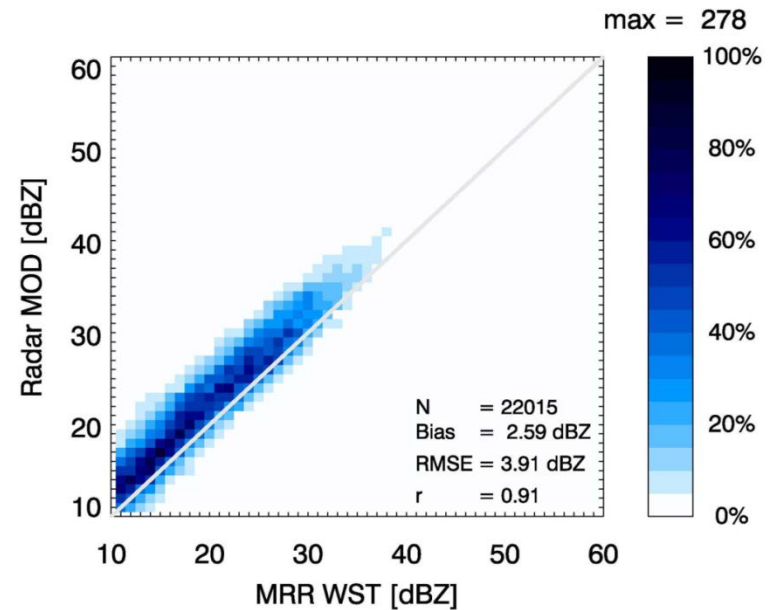
- Common intersecting volume
- MRR measurements for each 30 s reflectivity field of the X-band radar
- Using the actual measured quantity „reflectivity“ instead of estimated rain rate

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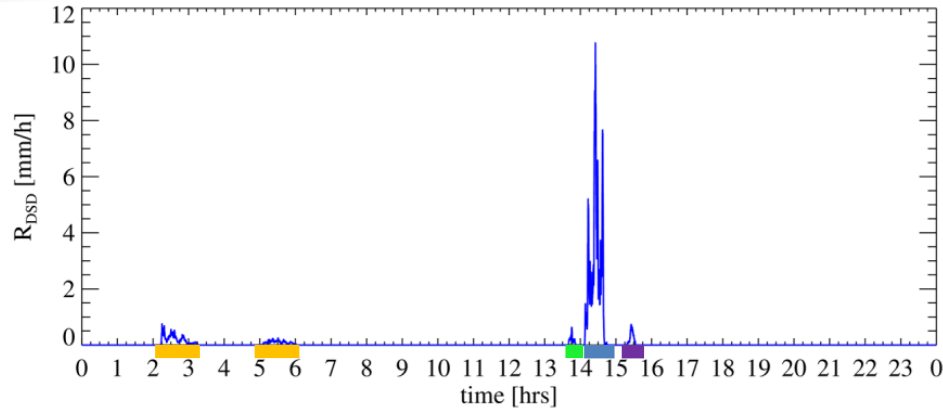


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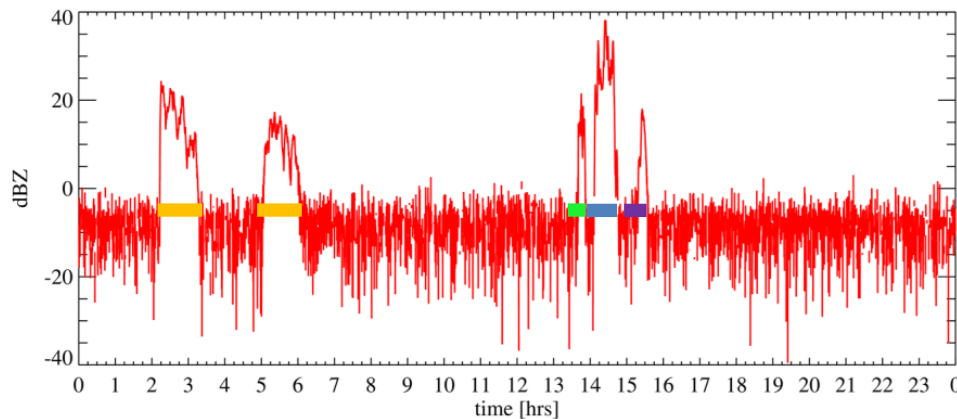
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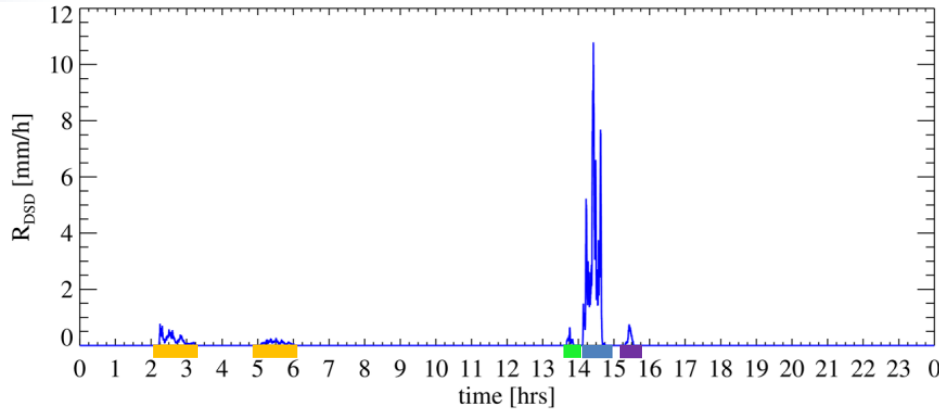
## X-band radar network: Z-R-relation



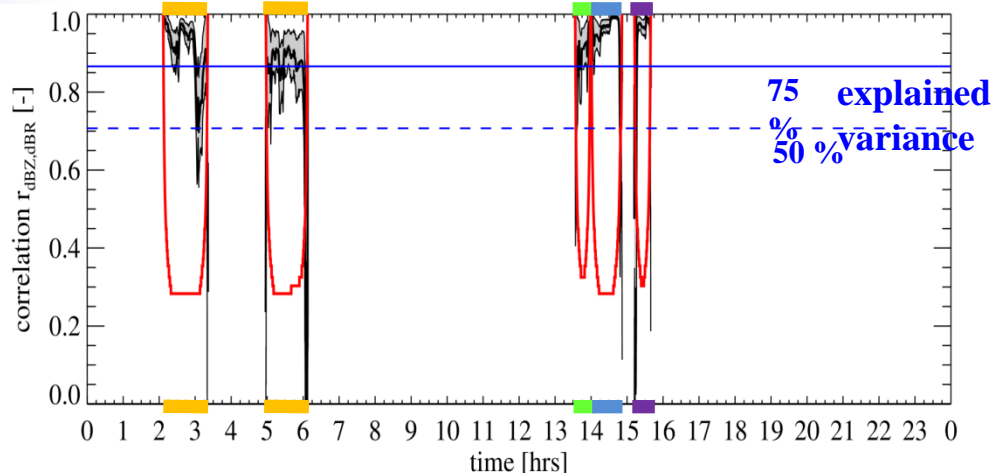
- MRRs measure reflectivity Z **and** rain rate R
- Direct determination of Z-R relation is possible



## X-band radar network: Z-R-relation



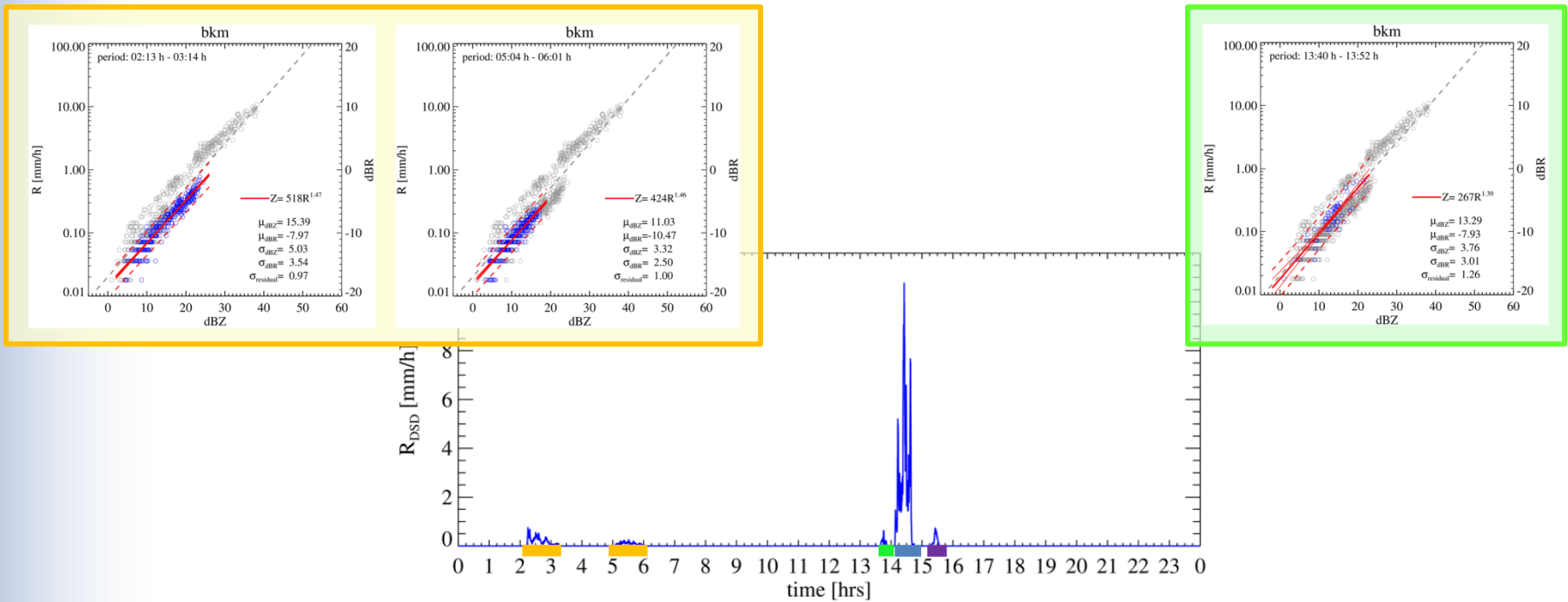
- MRRs measure reflectivity **Z** and rain rate **R**
- Direct determination of Z-R relation is possible
- Drop in the correlation of Z and R is a good indicator for new Z-R relation



- **Orange** periods are characterized by light rain
- **Green** period represents a kind of transition between light rain and shower
- **Blue** period characterizes the intense shower event followed by light shower (**violet** period)



## X-band radar network: Z-R-relation

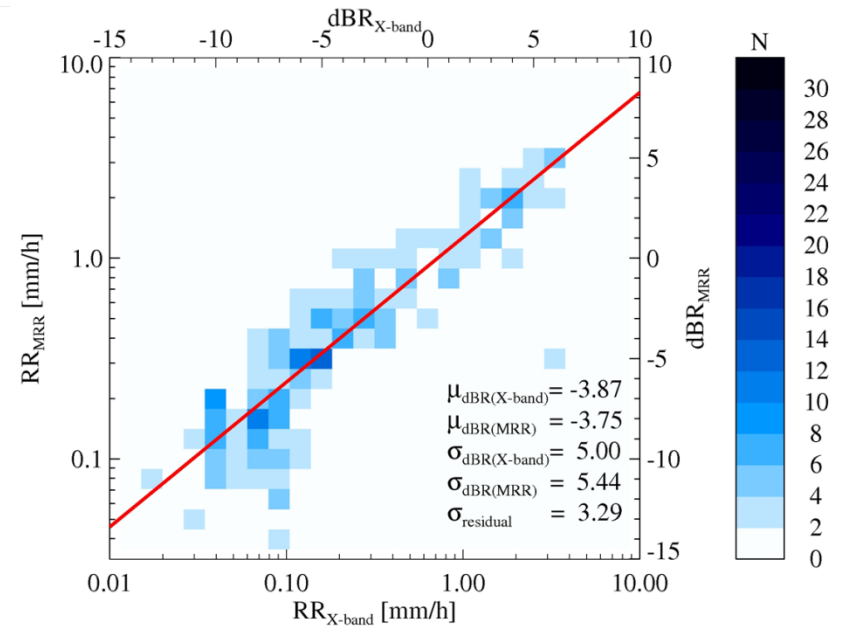
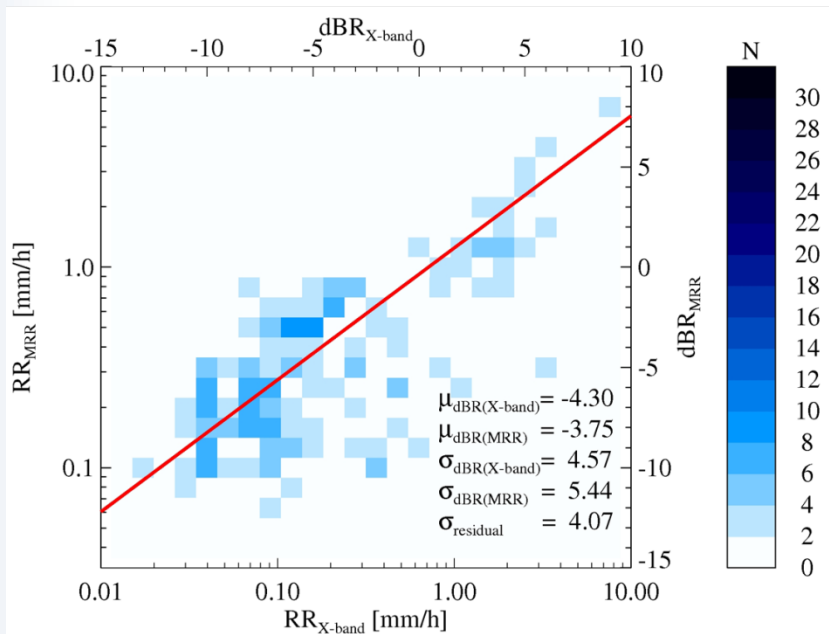


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- followed by light shower (**violet** period)

# X-band radar network: Z-R-relation

Climatological

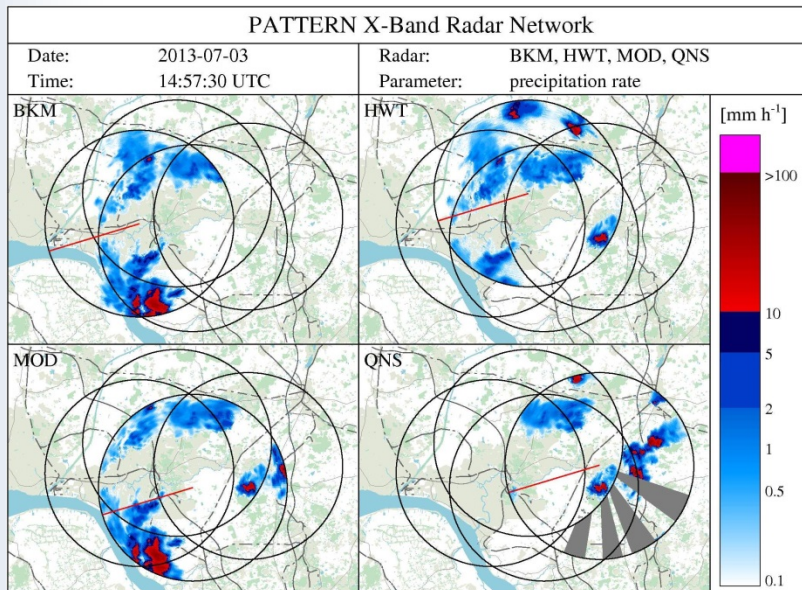
Variable



- Variable Z-R relation leads to better agreement of rain rate derived by MRR and X-band radar
- Standard deviation is reduced by 20 %.

# X-band radar network: Composite

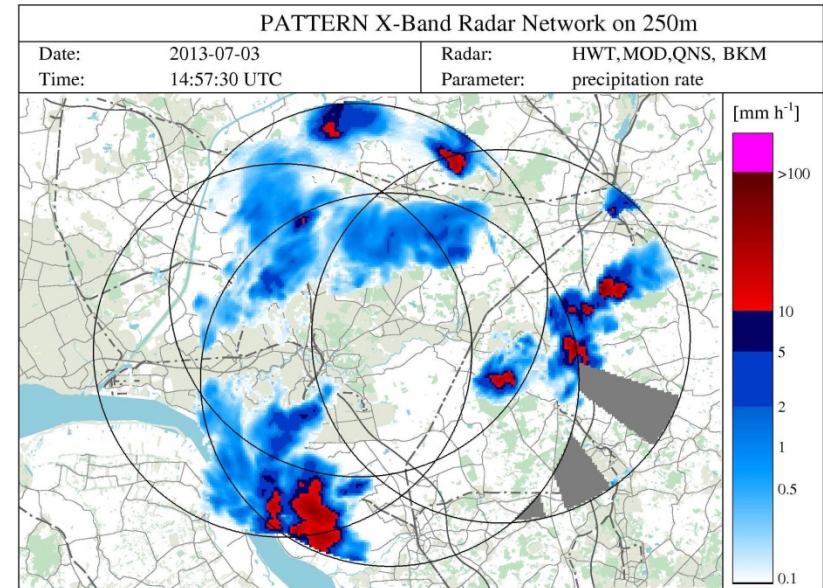
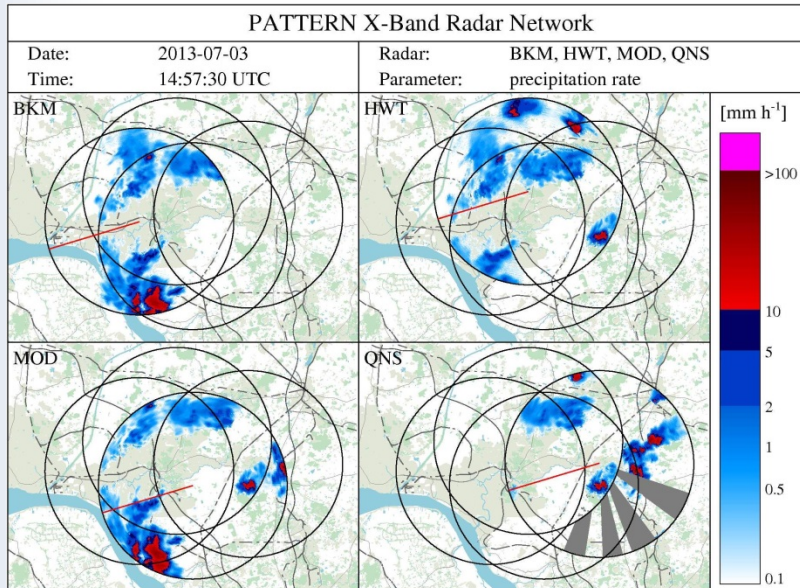
Example: Precipitation field of July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2013



- Precipitation estimates for the network radars

## X-band radar network: Composite

Example: Precipitation field of July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2013

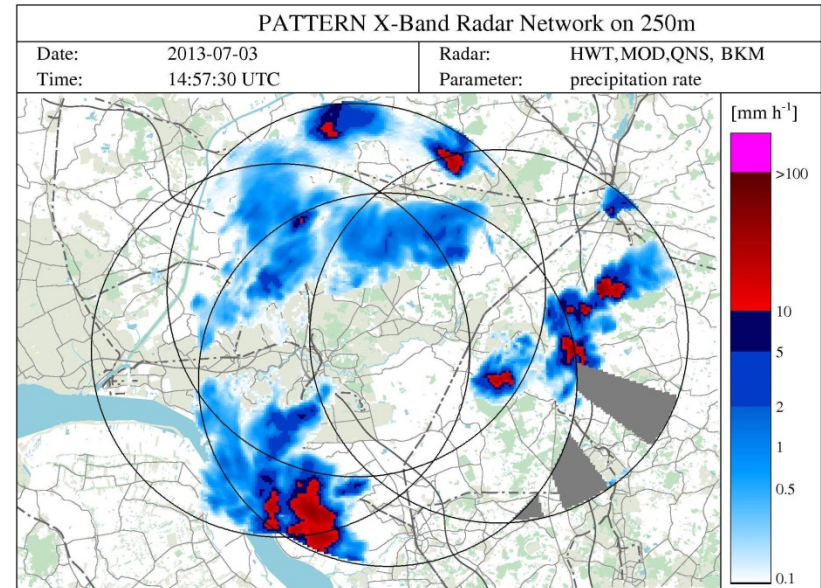
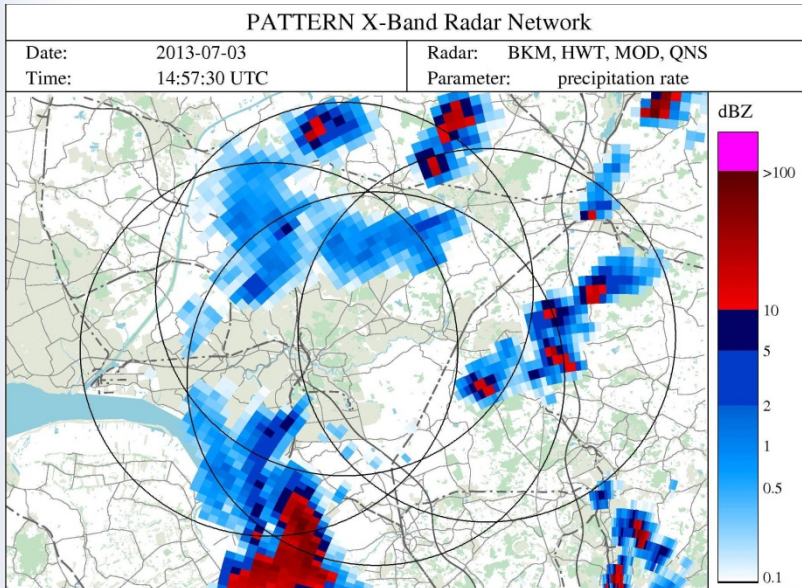


- Precipitation estimates for the network radars
- Composite of all four network radars on a 250 m grid



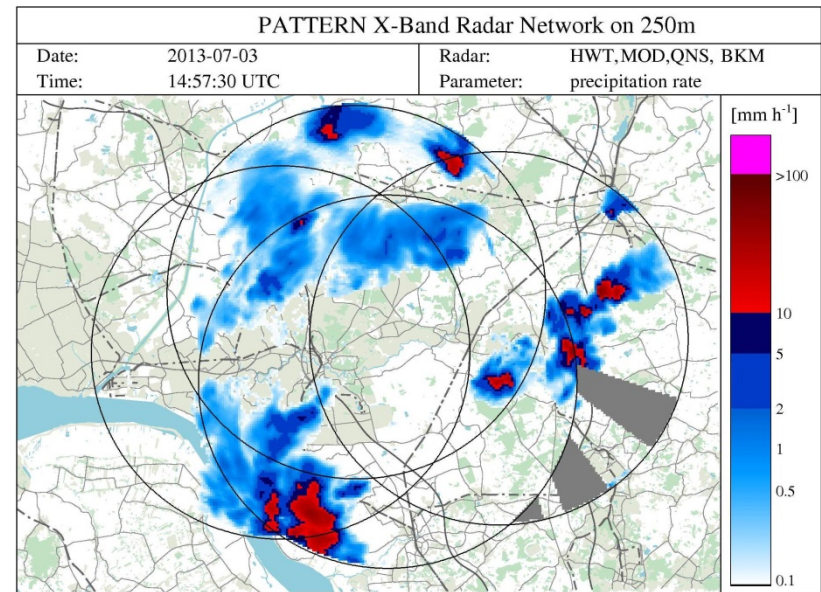
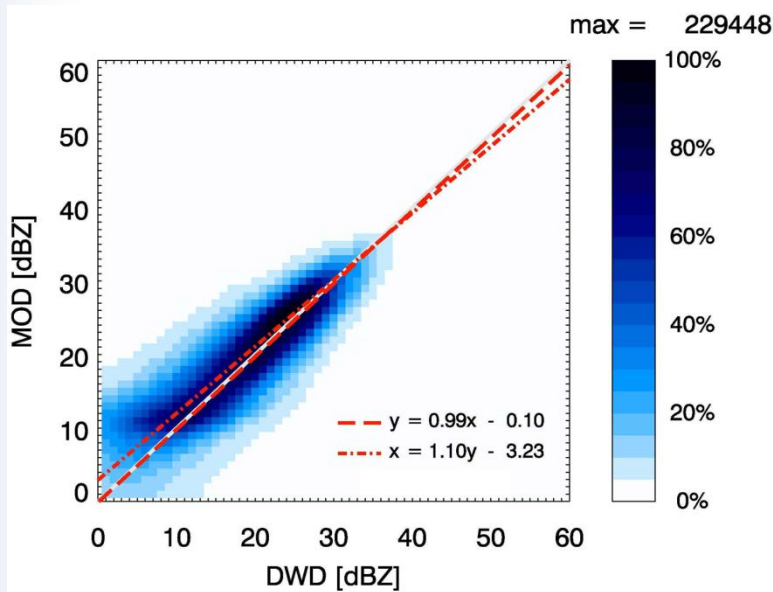
# X-band radar network: Composite

Example: Precipitation field of July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2013



- Precipitation estimates for the network radars
- Composite of all four network radars on a 250 m grid
- Good agreement between X-band radar network and C-band radar

# X-band radar network: Composite

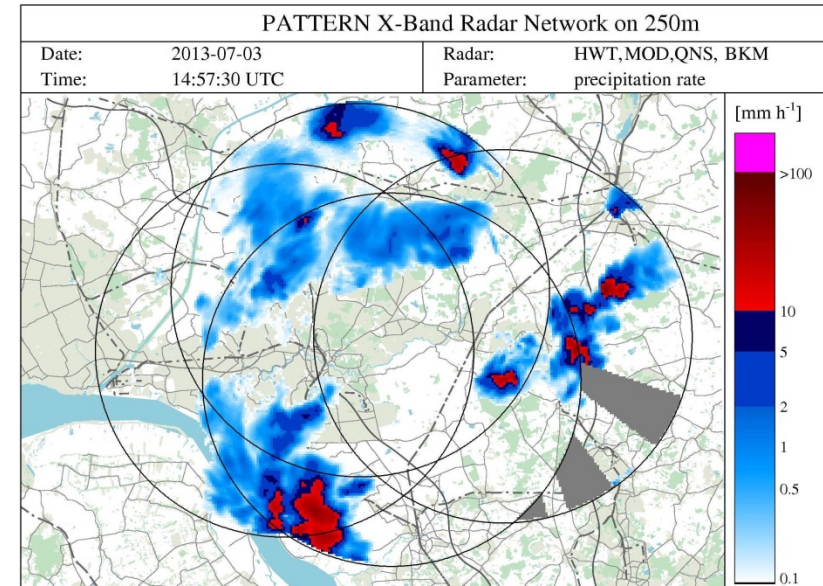
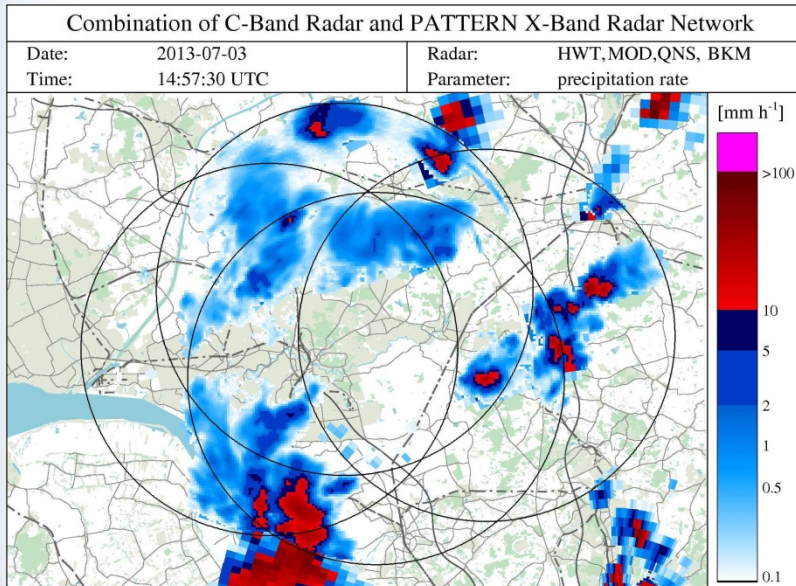


- Precipitation estimates for the network radars
- Composite of all four network radars on a 250 m grid
- Good agreement between X-band radar network and C-band radar



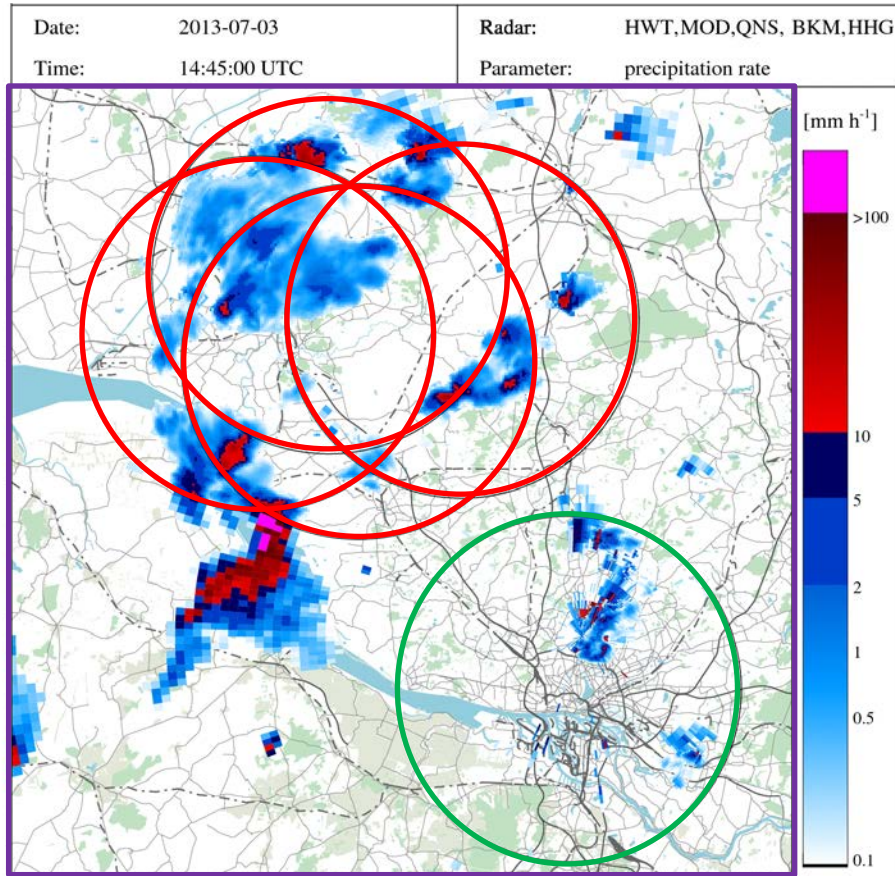
## X-band radar network: Combined product

Example: Precipitation field of July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2013



- Precipitation estimates for the network radars
- Composite of all four network radars on a 250 m grid
- Good agreement between X-band radar network and C-band radar
- Combining C-band radar and composite of X-band radar network

# X-band radar network: Combined product



## C-band radar

- Range resolution: 1 km
- Time resolution: 5 min
- Maximum range: 180 km

## Composite of X-band radar network

- Range resolution: 250 m
- Time resolution: 30 s
- Covered area: 60x80 km<sup>2</sup>

## X-band radar Hamburg

- Range resolution: 60 m
- Time resolution: 30 s
- Maximum range: 20 km



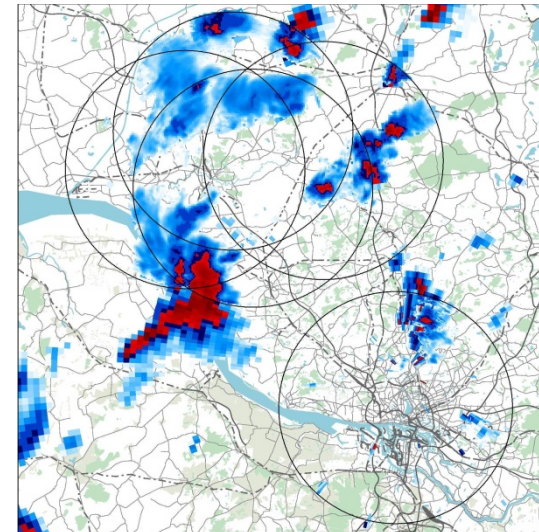
## Summary II







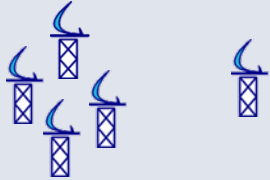


- X-band radars can serve as **magnifying glass** in urban areas



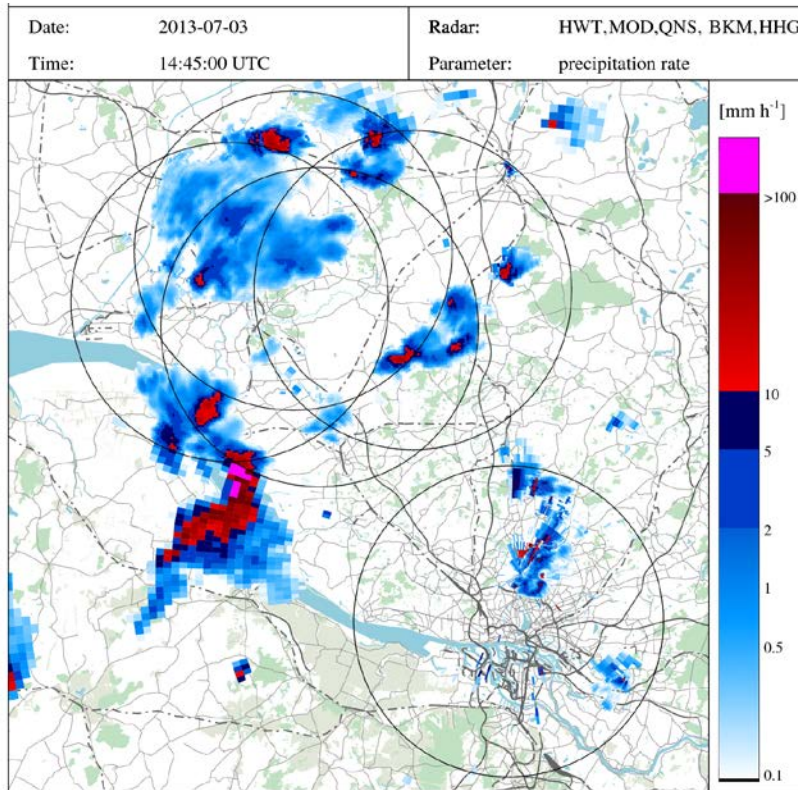
- The precipitation product of C-band, X-band and micro rain radars combines advantages of all three systems:

- **Long-range and accurate** reflectivity measurements from C-band radars
- **High-resolution** reflectivity measurements from X-band radars
- **Direct determination of Z-R-relations** from MRRs



	<u>PATTERN</u>	<u>Hamburg</u>	<u>Barcelona</u>
Catchment			
C-band Radar			
X-band Radar			
Model	<b>KALYPSO-NA</b>	<b>Hydraulic Model</b>	<b>DiCHiTop</b>

# Thanks for your attention!



## Questions?

<http://pattern.zmaw.de>

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